

Supplemental Information

Acetylation-regulated DUSP1 deficiency contributes to renal fibrosis progression

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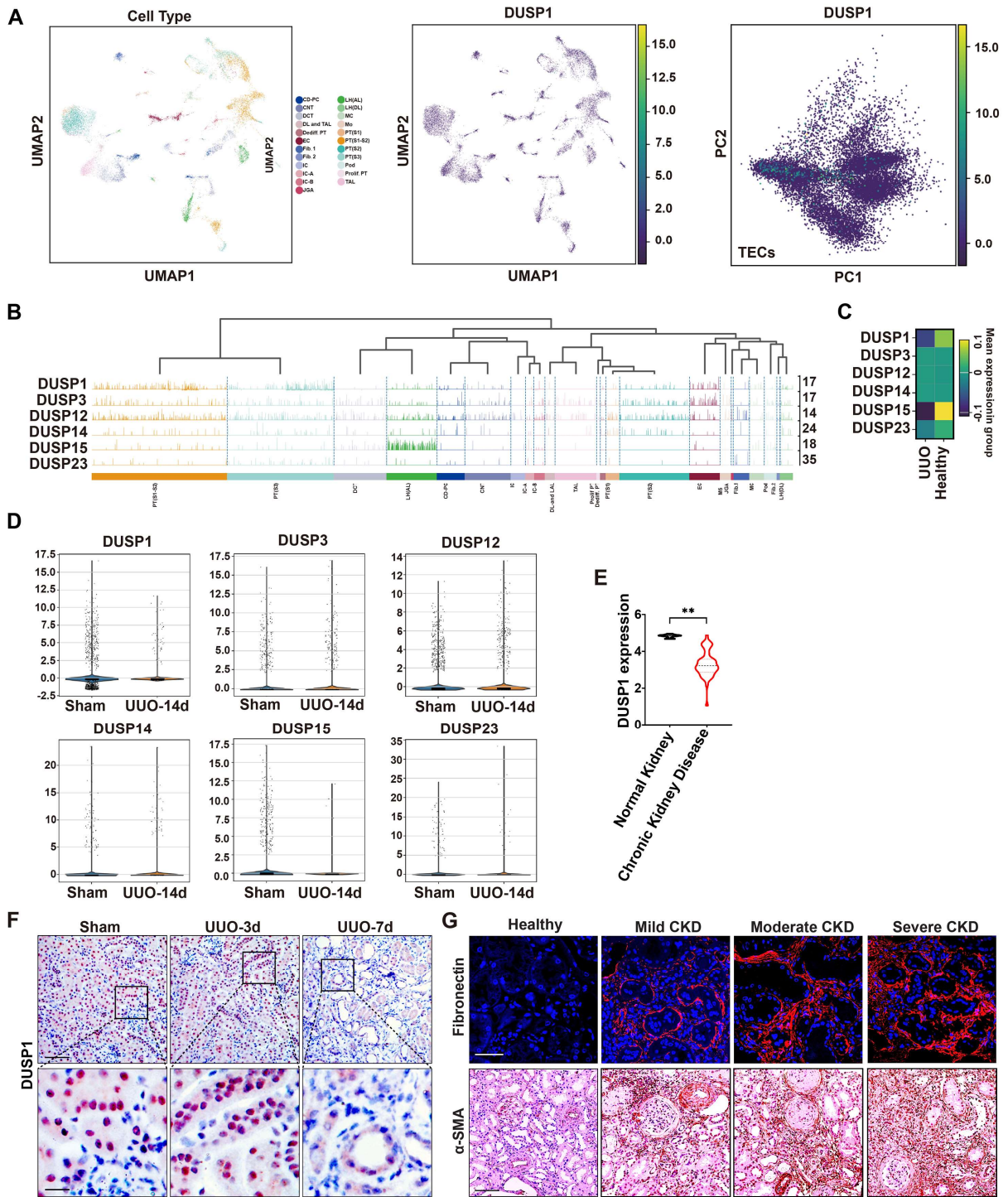


Figure S1. Single-cell sequence analysis of DUSP1 expression using an online database. (A) DUSP1 expression in different cell groups using the UMAP algorithm. **(B-C)** DUSP1, DUSP3, DUSP12, DUSP14, DUSP15, and DUSP23 expression in UUO mice and sham groups. **(D)** RNA-

seq analysis of DUSP1, DUSP3, DUSP12, DUSP14, DUSP15, and DUSP23 expression levels using an online database. (E) RNA-seq analysis of DUSP1 expression in chronic kidney disease using an online database. (F) Representative immunohistochemistry images of DUSP1 expression levels on days 3 and 7 in the kidneys of the sham and UUO mice. (G) Representative immunofluorescence and immunohistochemical images of kidney tissues from patients at various stages of CKD. Scale bars, 50 μm . * $P < 0.05$ and ** $P < 0.01$. *** $P < 0.001$. n.s., not significant. Data were analyzed using an unpaired Student's t-test and expressed as the mean \pm SD. Data are representative of at least three independent experiments.

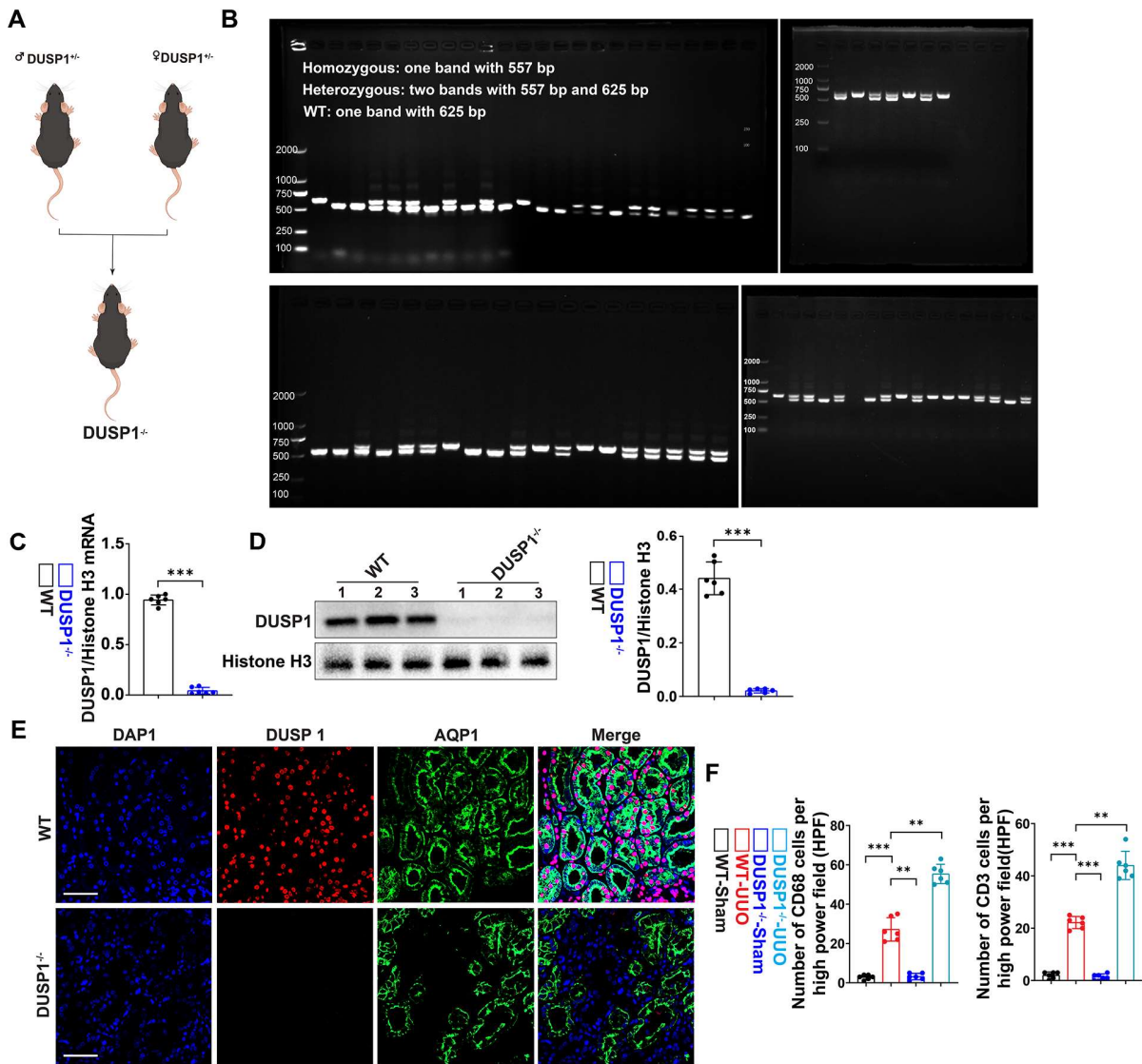


Figure S2. Identification of DUSP1 gene knockout. (A-B) DUSP1-KO mice were developed using the CRISPR/Cas9 system. The DNA extracted from the tails of mice was subjected to PCR and agarose gel electrophoresis, and the following results were obtained: the DNA band of DUSP1^{-/-} mice was approximately 557 bp, and the DNA band of WT mice was approximately 625 bp. The hybrid mice had two bands (557 bp and 625 bp) as the loading control. (E) Representative immunofluorescence images of DUSP1 expression. Scale bars, 50 μ m. (F) The fraction of CD68 and CD3 positive cells was analyzed across the WT-Sham, Dusp1-Sham, WT-UUO, and Dusp1-

UUO groups. Scale bars, 50 μm . * $P < 0.05$ and ** $P < 0.01$. *** $P < 0.001$. n.s., not significant.

Data were analyzed using an unpaired Student's t-test and are shown as mean \pm SD. Data are representative of at least three independent experiments.

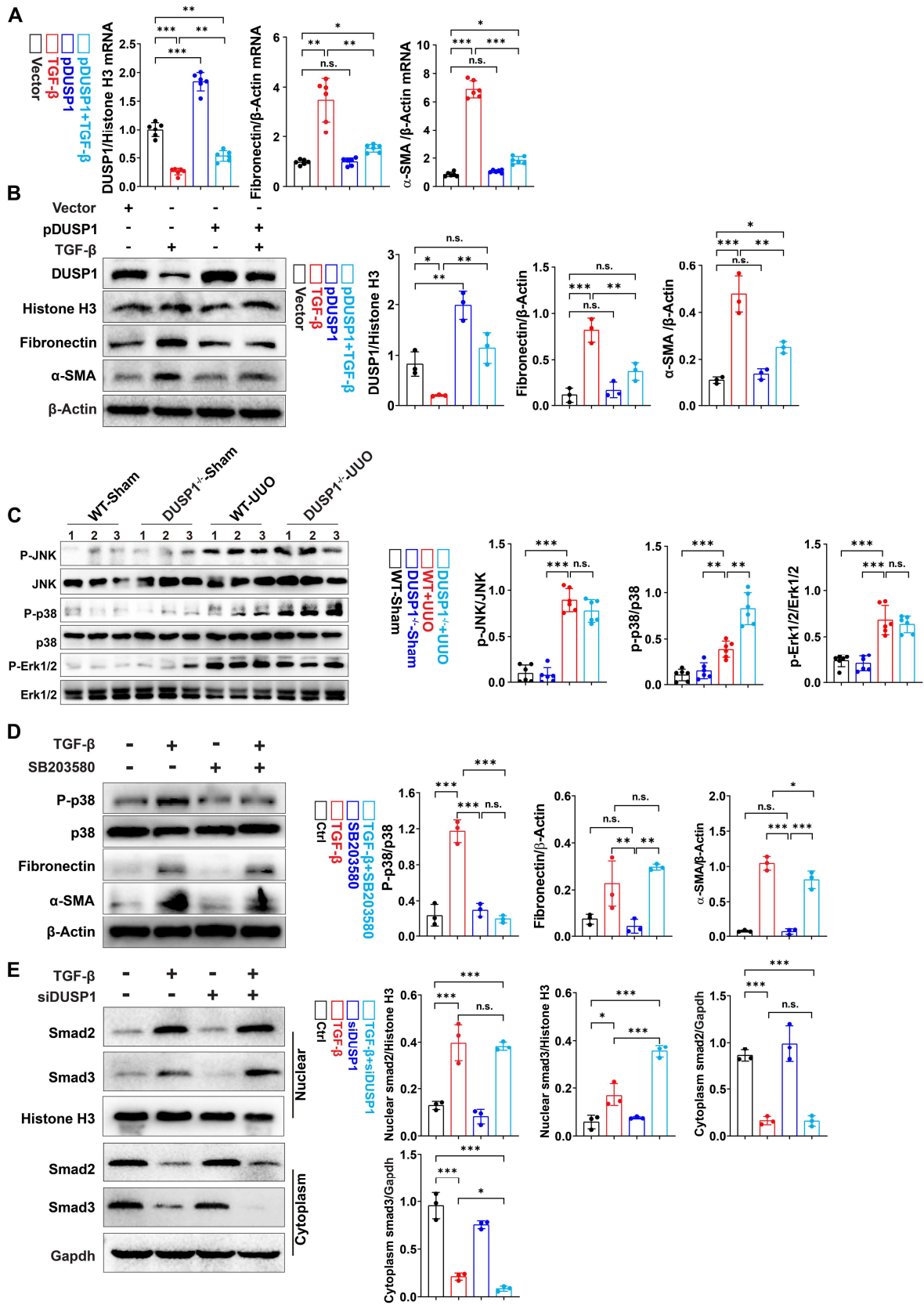


Figure S3. Impact of overexpression of DUSP1 on α -SMA and fibronectin expression in HK-2 cells under TGF- β treatment. (A) mRNA expression of DUSP1, fibronectin, and α -SMA in HK-2 cells, with and without DUSP1 overexpression, in the presence or absence of TGF- β treatment. (B) Western blot analysis of DUSP1, fibronectin, and α -SMA expression in HK-2 cells with and without DUSP1 overexpression in the presence or absence of TGF- β treatment. (C) Western blot analysis of MAPK phosphorylated or non-phosphorylated expression in WT-Sham, Dusp1-Sham, WT-UUO, DUSP1-UUO, β -actin as the loading control (n=6). Protein expression of phosphorylated or non-phosphorylated MAPK in the kidneys of WT and DUSP1 knockout (DUSP1^{-/-}) mice after UUO. (D) Western blot analysis of p-p38, p38, fibronectin, and α -Sma expressions in HK-2 cells treated with SB203580 inhibitor (10 μ M) or in the presence or absence of TGF- β . (E) Representative immunoblots showing nuclear and cytoplasmic fractions of Smad2 and Smad3 in HK-2 cells treated with TGF- β or subjected to siRNA-mediated DUSP1 silencing. * P < 0.05 and ** P < 0.01. *** P < 0.001. n.s., not significant. Data were analyzed using an unpaired Student's t-test and are shown as mean \pm SD. Data are representative of at least three independent experiments.

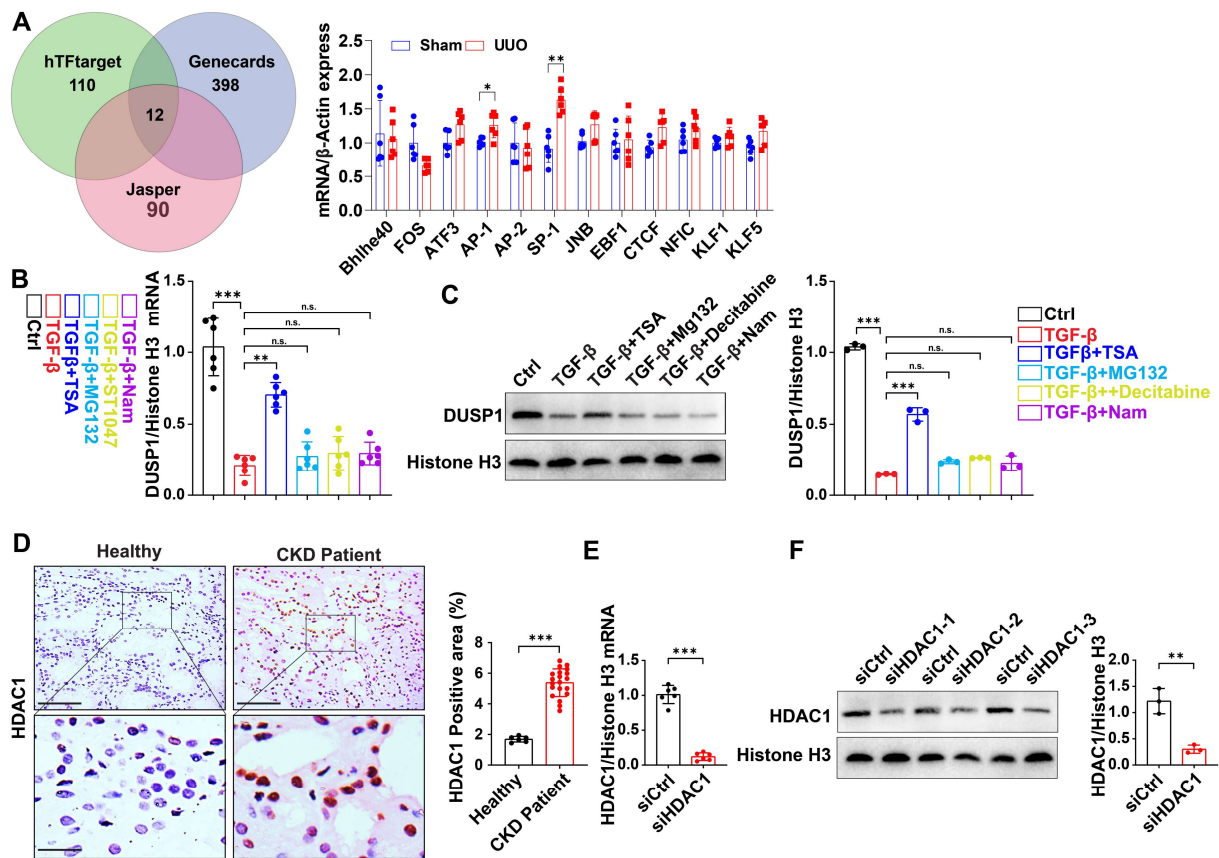


Figure S5. Analysis of DUSP1 regulation and HDAC1 Expression in HK-2 Cells and CKD patients. (A) Transcriptional factors in the DUSP1 gene promoter region were predicted using JASPAR, hTFtarget, and GeneCards (gene-regulation) software programs, and 12 common transcription factors were identified. (B-C) DUSP1 expression was examined in HK-2 cells treated with methylation inhibitors (10 nM), acetylation inhibitors (10 nM), or ubiquitination inhibitors (10 nM) in the presence or absence of TGF- β , using qPCR and western blot analysis. (D) HDAC1 staining images of kidney biopsies from healthy controls and patients with CKD. Above row: scale bar = 200 μ m; below row: scale bar = 20 μ m. (E-F) Verification of the effect on HDAC1 mRNA expression using qPCR and western blot analysis after transfection with siHDAC1-1, siHDAC1-2, and siHDAC1-3. * $P < 0.05$ and ** $P < 0.01$. *** $P < 0.001$. n.s., not significant. Data were

analyzed using an unpaired Student's t-test and are shown as mean \pm SD. Data are representative of at least three independent experiments.

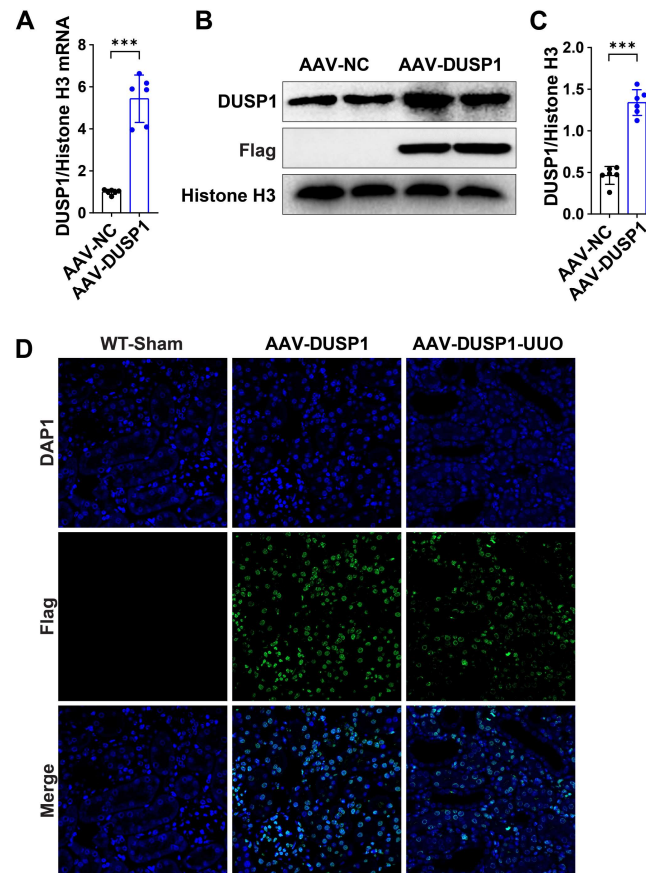


Figure S6. Validation of renal DUSP1 expression after AAV-DUSP1-Flag injection. (A-C) Validation of DUSP1 mRNA (A) and protein (B-C) expression in the kidney following intravenous injection of AAV-DUSP1-Flag using qPCR and western blot analysis. (D) Representative immunofluorescence images of Flag (green). * $P < 0.05$ and ** $P < 0.01$. *** $P < 0.001$. Data were analyzed using an unpaired Student's t-test and are shown as mean \pm SD. Data are representative of at least three independent experiments.

Table S1 The basic characteristic of the included CKD patients

Patients No.	Sex	Age (years)	Diagnosis	serum creatine $\mu\text{mol/L}$	BUN mmol/L	eGFR (mL/min1.73 m ²)	Urine protein quantitation (g/24h)	Cystatin C (mg/L)
1	Male	49	CKD	504.50	20.46	11	9.09	3.87
2	Male	64	CKD	574.40	26.18	8	NA	3.96
3	Female	47	CKD	311.00	12.91	15	4.02	2.98
4	Male	33	CKD	338.60	14.76	19	3.95	2.91
5	Male	44	CKD	171.60	8.67	41	0.93	1.84
6	Male	68	CKD	127.30	9.14	50	24.64	1.24
7	Male	67	CKD	299.40	13.87	18	7.32	2.73
8	Male	68	CKD	443.70	20.12	11	0.35	3.43
9	Female	42	CKD	213.90	9.95	24	1.61	2.05
10	Female	51	CKD	189.50	16.52	26	0.18	2.67
11	Female	35	CKD	119.70	7.33	51	0.78	1.51
12	Male	58	CKD	185.80	9.18	34	0.93	2.32
13	Male	47	CKD	121.40	8.41	61	1.2	1.54
14	Male	65	CKD	212.50	11.58	27	NA	2.43
15	Female	68	CKD	143.60	9.48	32	3.12	1.8
16	Male	58	CKD	143.50	15.72	46	10.41	1.87
17	Female	42	CKD	369.90	12.37	12	2.28	3.58
18	Male	28	CKD	259.90	11.77	28	3.48	3.26
19	Female	56	CKD	580.30	11.86	6	NA	10.3
20	Male	55	CKD	111.70	6.57	64	2.56	1.42
21	Female	30	CKD	187.70	19.11	36	NA	1.5

Table S2. The siRNA sequences are listed in table below.

Name	Position	Target sequence	RNA oligo sequences
siDUSP1-1	105-127	GTCCAAAAGCGGCTTTTGGTTCG	AACCAAAAGCCGCUUUUGGAC CCAAAAGCGGCUUUUGGUUCG
siDUSP1-2	767-789	TGGAAATCCTGCCCTTTCTGTAC	ACAGAAAGGGCAGGAUUUCCA GAAAUCCUGCCCUUUCUGUAC
siDUSP1-3	864-886	AGCCAATTGTCCCAACCATTTTG	AAAUGGUUGGGACAAUUGGCU CCAAUUGUCCCAACCAUUUUG
siHdac1-1	229-251	TACCGAAAAATGGAAATCTATCG	AUAGAUUUCCAUUUUUCGGUA CCGAAAAAUGGAAAUCUAUCG
siHdac1-2	111-133	GAGGAAAGTCTGTTACTACTACG	UAGUAGUACAGACUUUCCUC GGAAAGUCUGUUACUACUACG
siHdac1-3	136-158	GGGGATGTTGGAAATTACTATTA	AUAGUAAUUCCAACAUCCCC GGAUGUUGGAAAUUACUAUUA

Table S3. Primer sequences are listed in the table below

Species	Name		Sequence (5'→3')	Length	Amplicon Size	
human	DUSP1	Forward primer	GCCTTGCTTACCTTATGAGGAC	22	86	
		Reverse primer	GGGAGAGATGATGCTTCGCC	20		
	Fibronectin	Forward primer	GAGGGCCAAGACGAAGACATC	21	140	
		Reverse primer	CAGATCACGTCATCGCACAAC	21		
	α -SMA	Forward Primer	AAAAGACAGCTACGTGGGTGA	21	76	
		Reverse Primer	GCCATGTTCTATCGGGTACTTC	22		
	HDAC1	Forward Primer	CGCCCTCACAAAGCCAATG	19	108	
		Reverse Primer	CTGCTTGCTGTACTCCGACA	20		
	β -Actin	Forward primer	CACTGTCGAGTCGCGTCC	18	89	
		Reverse primer	TCATCCATGGCGAACTGGTG	20		
	Mouse	DUSP1	Forward Primer	AGCTGTGCAGCAAACAGTCCA	21	258
			Reverse Primer	ACTGGTAGTGACCCCTCAAAGTGG	23	
HDAC1		Forward Primer	CTACTACGACGGGATGTTGG	21	77	
		Reverse Primer	GAGTCATGCGGATTCGGTGAG	21		
HDAC2		Forward Primer	ATGGCGTACAGTCAAGGAGG	20	112	
		Reverse Primer	TGCGGATTCTATGAGGCTTCA	21		
HDAC3		Forward Primer	CCTGGCATTGACCCATAGCC	20	168	
		Reverse Primer	CTCTTGGTGAAGCCTTGCATA	21		
HDAC4		Forward Primer	GGCCCACCGGAATCTGAAC	19	87	
		Reverse Primer	GAACTCTGGTCAAGGGAAGT	21		
HDAC5		Forward Primer	TCTTGTGCGAAGTCAAAGGAGC	21	108	
		Reverse Primer	GAGGGGAACTCTGGTCCAAAG	21		
HDAC6		Forward Primer	AAGAAGACCTAATCGTGGGACT	22	248	
		Reverse Primer	GCTGTGAACCAACATCAGCTC	21		
HDAC7		Forward Primer	GGCGGCCCTAGAAAGAACAG	20	205	
		Reverse Primer	CTTGGGCTTATAGCGCAGCTT	21		
HDAC8		Forward Primer	TCGCTGGTCCCGGTTTATATC	21	82	
		Reverse Primer	TACTGGCCCGTTTGGGGAT	19		
HDAC9		Forward Primer	AGTAGAGAGGCATCGCAGAGA	21	141	
		Reverse Primer	GGAGTGTCTTTCGTTGCTGAT	21		
HDAC10		Forward Primer	CAGTTCGACGCCATCTACTTC	21	115	
		Reverse Primer	CAAGCCCATTTTGCACAGCTC	21		
HDAC11		Forward Primer	ACCCAGACAGGAGGAACCATA	21	130	
		Reverse Primer	TGATGTCCGCATAGGCACAG	20		
Fibronectin		Forward Primer	GGCCACCATTACTGGTCTGG	20	132	
		Reverse Primer	GGAAGGGTAACCAGTTGGGG	20		
α -SMA		Forward Primer	CCCTGGAGAAGAGCTACGAAC	21	204	
		Reverse Primer	TACCCCTGACAGGACGTTG	20		
IL-1 β		Forward Primer	GAAATGCCACCTTTTGACAGTG	22	116	
		Reverse Primer	TGGATGCTTCATCAGGACAG	21		
IL-6		Forward Primer	CTGCAAGAGACTTCCATCCAG	21	131	
		Reverse Primer	AGTGGTATAGACAGGTCTGTTGG	23		

TNF- α	Forward Primer	ACCCTCACA CT CACAAAACCA	20	212
	Reverse Primer	ATAGCAAATCGGCTGACGGT	20	
MCP-1	Forward Primer	CACTCACCTGCTGCTACTCA	20	117
	Reverse Primer	GCTTGGTGACAAAACTACAGC	22	
β -Actin	Forward primer	TCCATTGAACACGGAGTCG	20	116
	Reverse primer	CCTCGGTGAGAAGAATAGGATGT	23	

Table S4. Antibody information is listed in the table below

Antibody name	Article No.	Production company	Country
Anti-DUSP1	#48625	CST	USA
Anti-DUSP1	AF6750	Beyotime Biotechnology	China
Anti-DDDDK tag	ab205606	Abcam	USA
Anti-Beta Actin	ab8226	Abcam	USA
Anti-Smad2	ab40855	Abcam	USA
Anti-Smad3	ab40854	Abcam	USA
Anti-Smad3 (phospho S213)	ab63403	Abcam	USA
Anti-Smad3 (phospho S423 + S425)	ab118825	Abcam	USA
Anti-Smad3 (phospho T179)	ab74062	Abcam	USA
Anti-Smad3 (phospho S208)	ab138659	Abcam	USA
Anti-Histone H3	AF0009	Beyotime Biotechnology	China
Anti-GAPDH	AF0006	Beyotime Biotechnology	China
Anti-Fibronectin	ab2413	Abcam	USA
Anti-alpha smooth muscle Actin	ab7817	Abcam	USA
Anti-HDAC1	ab109411	Abcam	USA
Anti-Acetyllysine	PTM-101	PTMBIO	China
Anti-CD3	#86603	CST	USA
Anti-CD68	#97778	CST	USA

Table S5. Chip primer sequences are listed in the table below

Species	Name	Sequence (5'→3')	Length	Amplicon Size	
Human	P1	Forward primer	TGAAAAATTTTCGGTAGGGGAAGG	23	94
		Reverse primer	AGCTGCTGACTTTTCACTGC	20	
	P2	Forward primer	ATGCAGTGAAAAGTCAGCAGC	21	73
		Reverse primer	ATTCAGCTGAGGAACTCAACA	21	
	P3	Forward Primer	AAAATTTTCGGTAGGGGAAGGT	21	90
		Reverse Primer	GCTGCTGACTTTTCACTGCAT	21	
	N1	Forward Primer	TCCATGTGATGGCATGTGGT	20	118
		Reverse Primer	GCGGCTGGTTACTTGAGAGT	20	
	N2	Forward Primer	AATGGAATGGATGCCTGGGG	20	130
		Reverse Primer	TGCCACACACCAGACTGATAC	20	
	N3	Forward primer	TGGCATGTGGTGATGTTGAC	20	110
		Reverse primer	AGCGGCTGGTTACTTGAGAG	20	