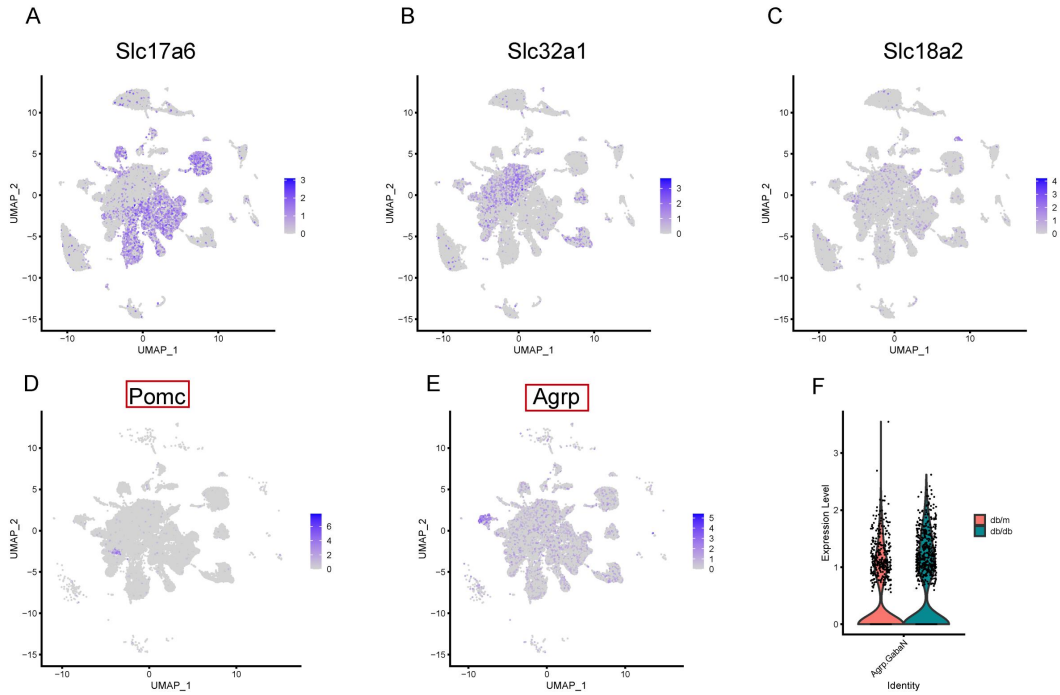


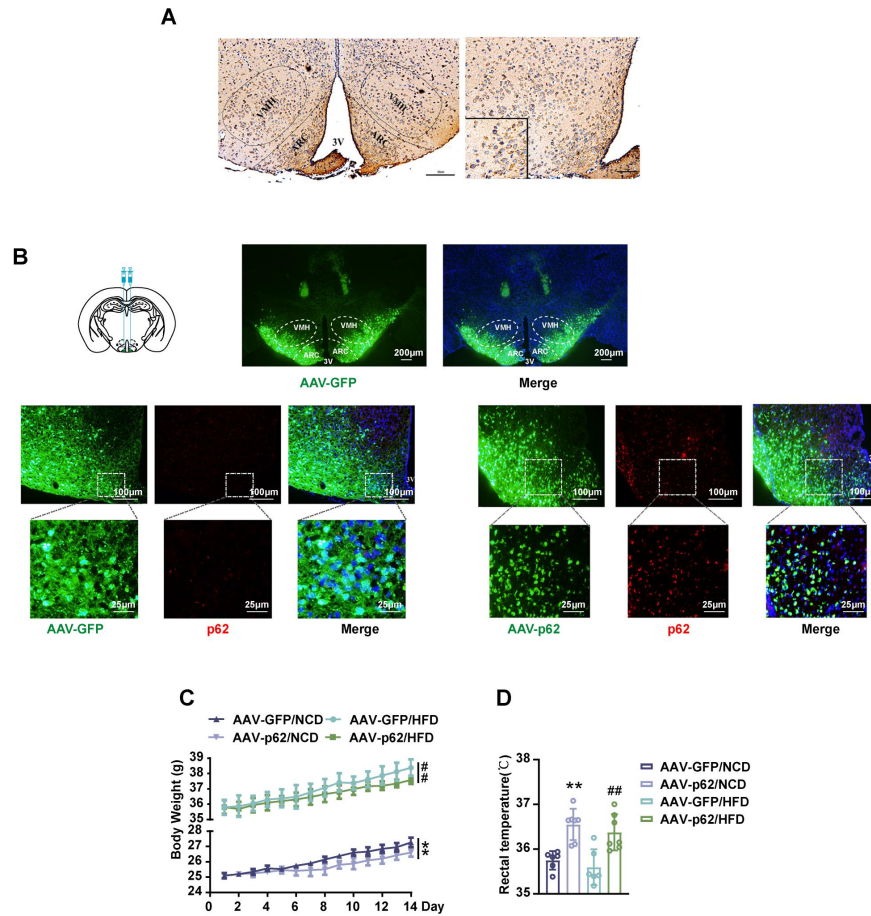
1 **Supplementary Figures**



2

3 **Figure S1 Molecular markers of neuronal clustering.** (A) UMAP expression of the  
4 neuronal marker Slc17a6 in the hypothalamus (n = 3 mice). (B) UMAP expression of  
5 neuronal marker Slc32a1 clusters in the hypothalamus (n = 3 mice). (C) UMAP expression of  
6 neuronal marker Slc18a2 clusters in the hypothalamus (n = 3 mice). (D) UMAP expression of  
7 Pomc clusters in the hypothalamus (n = 3 mice). (E) UMAP expression of Agrp clusters in the  
8 hypothalamus (n = 3 mice). (F) Expression of P62 in db/db and db/m groups of AgRP  
9 neurons (n = 3 mice).

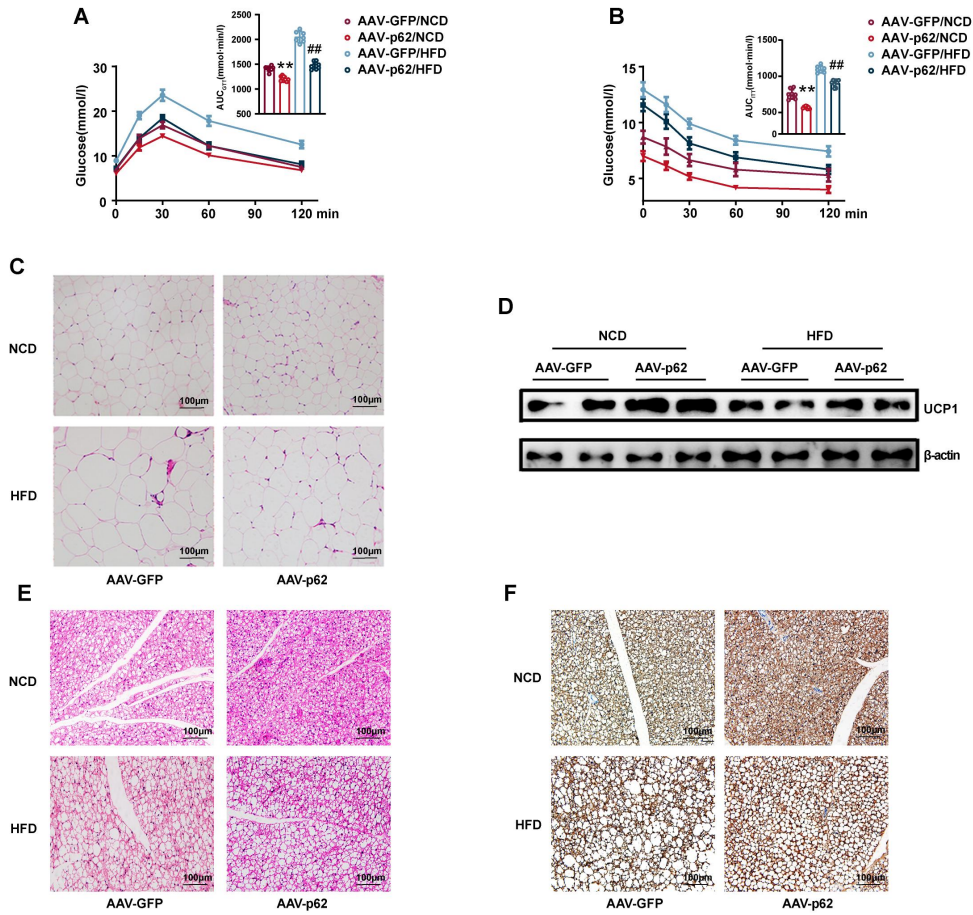
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11

12 **Figure S2 Body weight and rectal temperature in pair-fed mice.** Eight-week-old male WT  
 13 mice were fed an NCD or HFD for 12 weeks and received MBH injection of AAV9-*p62/GFP*  
 14 as indicated in the Methods. **(A)** P62 immunostaining in the ARC and VMH of C57BL/6J  
 15 (WT) mice. **(B)** Distribution of the fluorescent reporter GFP (green) in the hypothalamus  
 16 (upper panel) and immunofluorescence (IF) staining of p62 (red) and GFP (green) in MBHs  
 17 (bottom panels, left for AAV-*GFP*; right for AAV-*p62*) (n = 3 mice). **(C)** Daily body weight  
 18 (n = 6-7 mice). **(D)** Rectal temperature (n = 6-7 mice). ARC, arcuate nucleus; 3V, third  
 19 cerebral ventricle; VMH, ventromedial hypothalamus; NCD, normal chow diet; HFD,  
 20 high-fat diet. Data are expressed as the mean  $\pm$  SD. \*\**p* < 0.01 vs. GFP/NCD; ##*p* < 0.01 vs.  
 21 GFP/HFD.

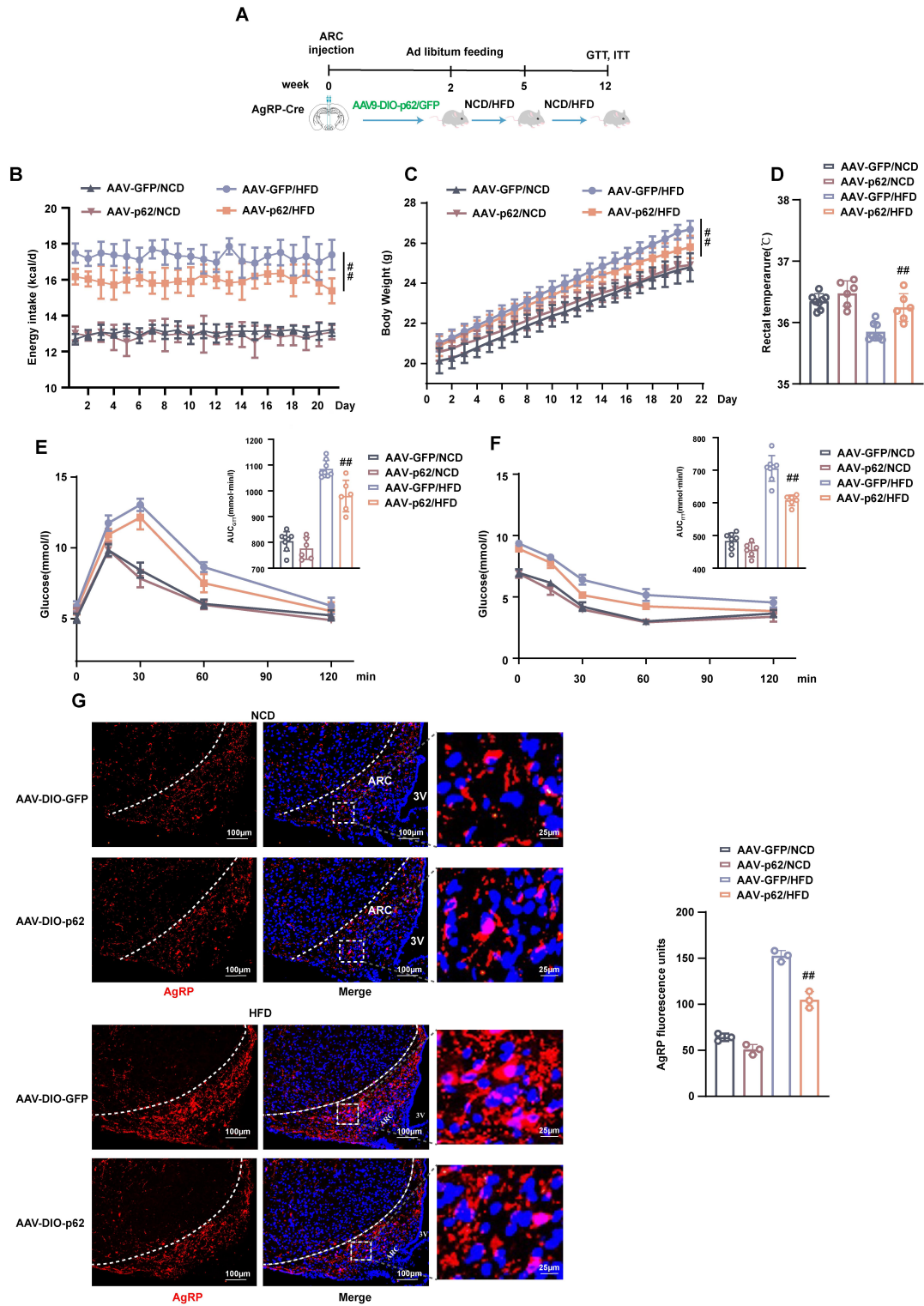
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23

24 **Figure S3 The re-expression of p62 in the hypothalamus improved glucose and lipid**  
 25 **metabolism in p62<sup>-/-</sup> mice.** Eight-week-old male p62<sup>-/-</sup> mice were fed an NCD or HFD for 18  
 26 weeks and received bilateral MBH injection of AAV9-p62/GFP at week 12 as indicated in  
 27 the Methods. **(A and B)** Blood glucose and AUC during the GTT (A) and ITT (B) (n = 7-9  
 28 mice). **(C)** H&E staining in WAT (n = 3 mice). **(D)** UCP1 protein expression in WAT (n = 3  
 29 mice). **(E)** H&E staining in BAT (n = 3 mice). **(F)** UCP1 immunostaining in BAT (n = 3  
 30 mice). NCD, normal chow diet; HFD, high-fat diet; GTT, glucose tolerance test; ITT, insulin  
 31 tolerance test; AUC, the area under the curve; WAT, white adipose tissue; BAT, brown  
 32 adipose tissue. Data are expressed as the mean ± SD. \*\*p < 0.01 vs. GFP/NCD; ##p < 0.01 vs.  
 33 GFP/HFD.

34

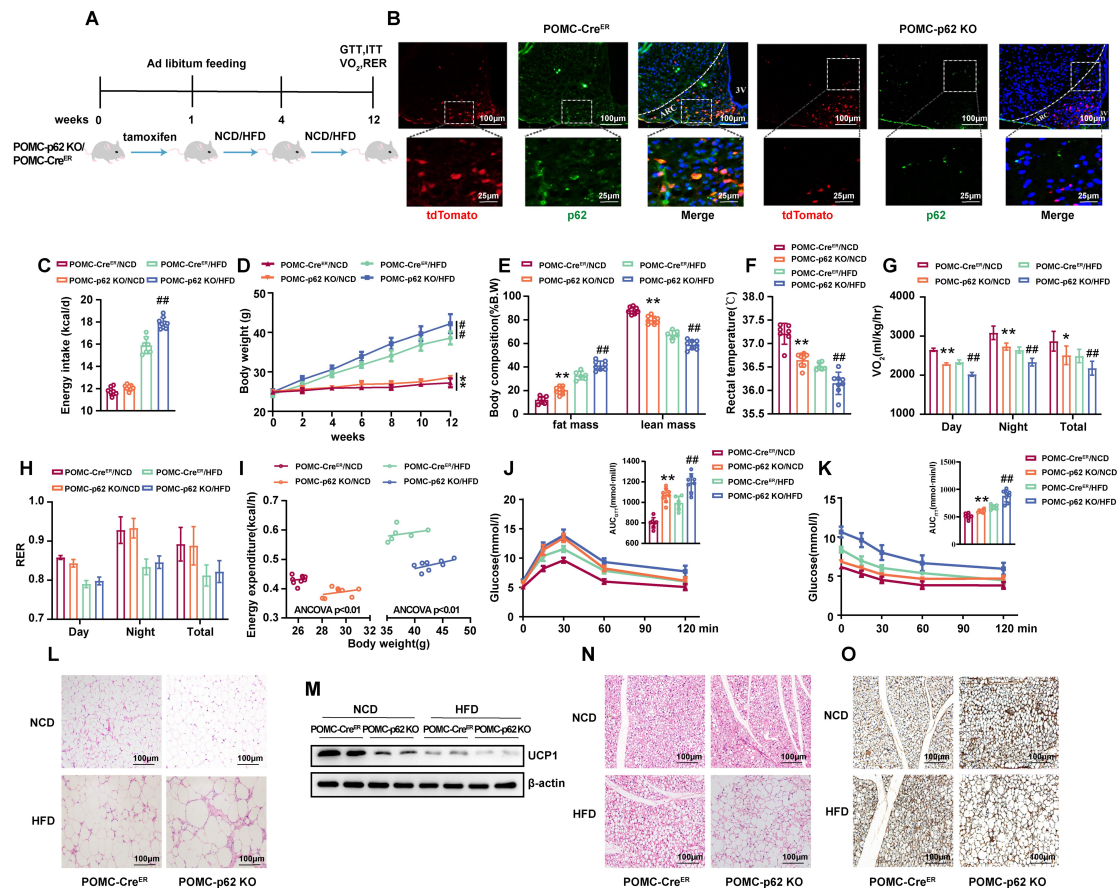


35

36 **Figure S4 Overexpression of p62 in AgRP neurons promoted energy expenditure and**  
 37 **ameliorated glucose metabolism in HFD-fed mice. (A)** Schematic representation of the  
 38 experimental procedure. Eight-week-old male AgRP-Cre mice received a bilateral ARC  
 39 injection of AAV9-DIO- *p62/GFP* and were fed a NCD or HFD for 12 weeks as indicated in

40 the Methods. **(B)** Energy intake (n = 6-8 mice). **(C)** Body weight (n = 6-8 mice). **(D)** Rectal  
41 temperature (n = 6-8 mice). **(E and F)** Blood glucose and AUC during the GTT (E) and the  
42 ITT (F) (n = 6-8 mice). **(G)** IF staining of AgRP (left) and the RFU (right) in the ARC (n = 3  
43 mice). NCD, normal chow diet; HFD, high-fat diet; 3V, third cerebral ventricle; ARC, arcuate  
44 nucleus; RFU, relative fluorescent units; GTT, glucose tolerance test; ITT, insulin tolerance  
45 test; AUC, the area under the curve. Data are expressed as the mean  $\pm$  SD. #  $p < 0.05$ , ##  $p <$   
46 0.01 vs. the AAV-GFP/HFD group.

47



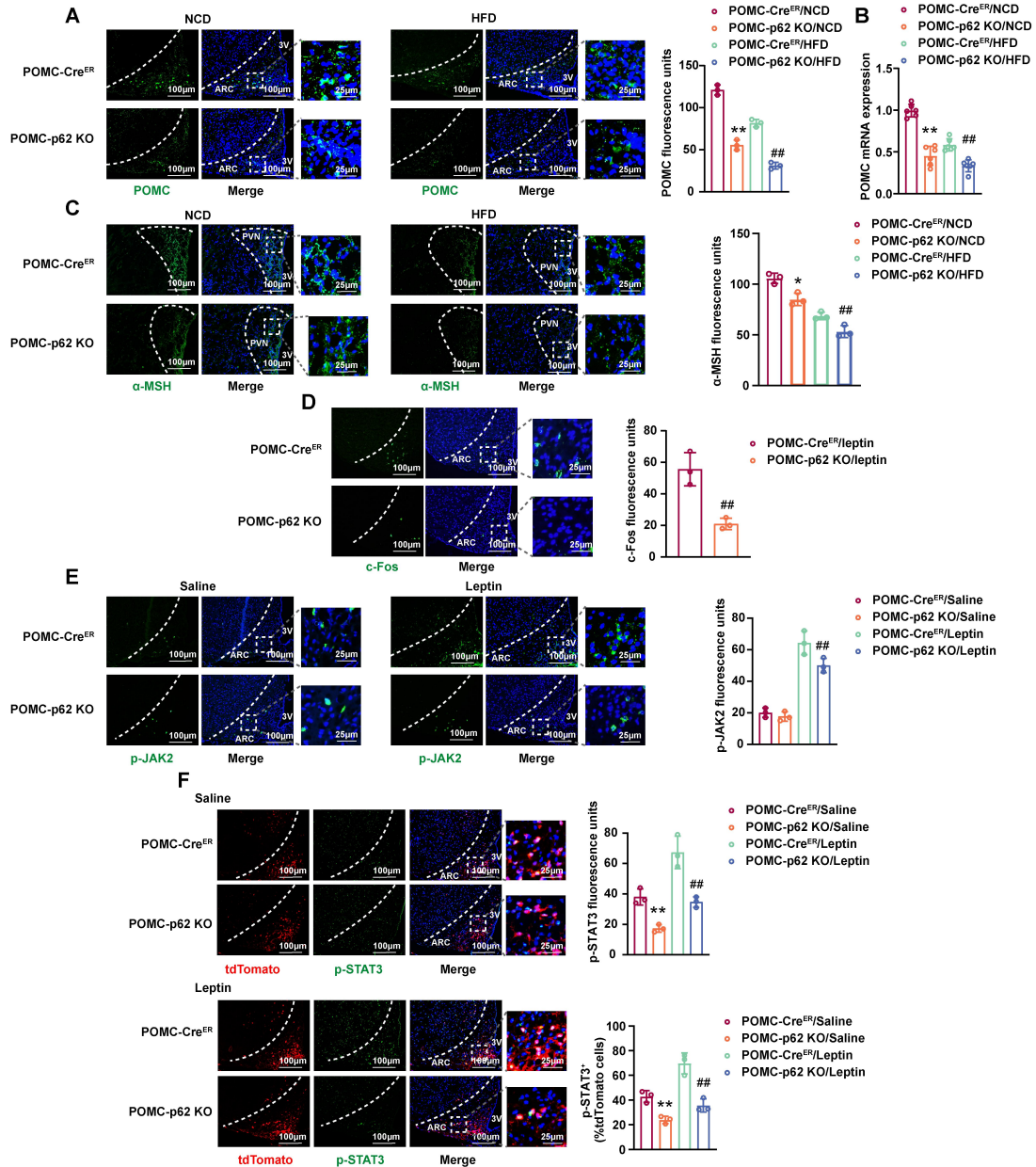
48

49 **Figure S5 Inducible loss of p62 in POMC neurons reduced energy expenditure and**  
 50 **exacerbated metabolic dysfunction. (A)** Schematic representation of the experimental  
 51 procedure. Eight-week-old male POMC-p62 KO and POMC-Cre<sup>ER</sup> mice with tdTomato were  
 52 intraperitoneally injected with tamoxifen and fed an NCD or HFD for 12 weeks as indicated  
 53 in the Methods. **(B)** IF staining of POMC neurons with tdTomato (red) and p62 (green) in the  
 54 ARC. **(C)** Energy intake (n = 7-9 mice). **(D)** Body weight (n = 6-8 mice). **(E)** Body  
 55 composition (n = 6-8 mice). **(F)** Rectal temperature (n = 6-8 mice). **(G)** 24-h oxygen  
 56 consumption (VO<sub>2</sub>) (n = 6-8 mice). **(H)** Respiratory exchange ratio (RER: V<sub>CO2</sub>/V<sub>O2</sub>) (n = 6-8  
 57 mice). **(I)** ANCOVA of the total energy expenditure versus body weight (n = 6-8 mice). **(J)**  
 58 Blood glucose and AUC during the GTT (n = 6-8 mice). **(K)** Blood glucose and AUC during  
 59 the ITT (n = 6-8 mice). **(L)** H&E staining in WAT (n = 3 mice). **(M)** UCP1 protein  
 60 expression in WAT (n = 3 mice). **(N)** H&E staining of BAT (n = 3 mice). **(O)** UCP1  
 61 immunostaining in BAT (n = 3 mice). 3V, third cerebral ventricle; ARC, arcuate nucleus;  
 62 NCD, normal chow diet; HFD, high-fat diet; GTT, glucose tolerance test; ITT, insulin  
 63 tolerance test; AUC, the area under the curve; WAT, white adipose tissue; BAT, brown

64 adipose tissue. Data are expressed as the mean  $\pm$  SD. \*\* $p < 0.01$  vs. POMC-Cre<sup>ER</sup>/NCD; ## $p <$

65 0.01 vs. POMC-Cre<sup>ER</sup>/HFD.

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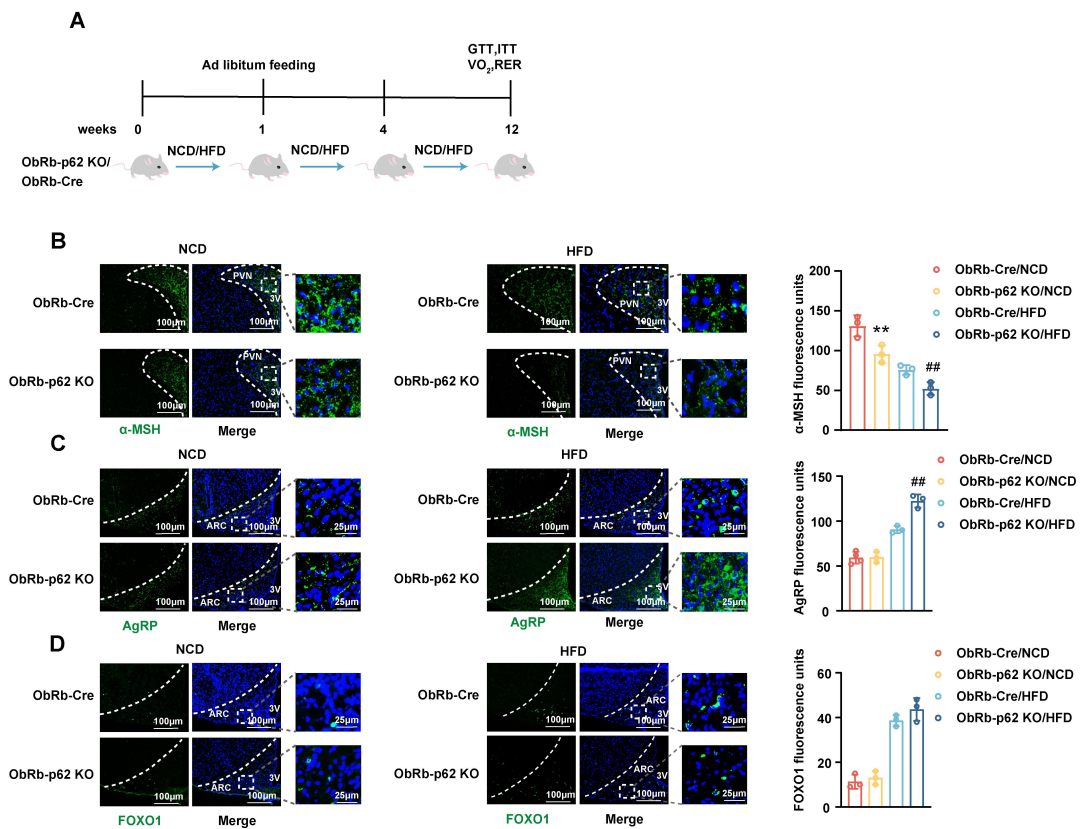
67

68 **Figure S6 Inducible loss of p62 in POMC neurons inhibits leptin-JAK2/STAT3 signaling.**

69 Eight-week-old male POMC-p62 KO and POMC-Cre<sup>ER</sup> mice with tdTomato were  
 70 intraperitoneally injected with tamoxifen and fed an NCD or HFD for 12 weeks. Two  
 71 subgroups of mice were intraperitoneally injected with leptin/saline twice a day for 3 days, as  
 72 indicated in the Methods. **(A)** IF staining of POMC (left) and RFU (right) in the ARC (n = 3  
 73 mice). **(B)** POMC mRNA expression in the hypothalamus (n = 6 mice). **(C)** IF staining of  
 74  $\alpha$ -MSH (left) and RFU (right) in the PVN (n = 3 mice). **(D)** IF staining of c-Fos (left) and the  
 75 RFU (right) in the ARC (n = 3 mice). **(E)** IF staining of p-JAK2 (left) and RFU (right) in the  
 76 ARC (n = 3 mice). **(F)** IF staining for phosphorylated STAT3 (left) and RFU (right) in POMC



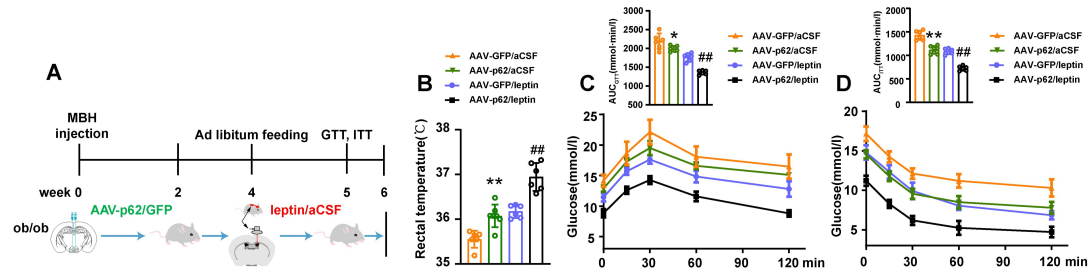
77 neurons (n = 3 mice). 3V, third cerebral ventricle; ARC, arcuate nucleus; PVN,  
78 paraventricular nucleus; RFU, relative fluorescent units; NCD, normal chow diet; HFD,  
79 high-fat diet. Data are expressed as the mean  $\pm$  SD. \*\* $p < 0.01$  vs. POMC-Cre<sup>ER</sup>/NCD or  
80 POMC-Cre<sup>ER</sup>/Saline; ## $p < 0.01$  vs. POMC-Cre<sup>ER</sup>/HFD or POMC-Cre<sup>ER</sup>/Leptin.  
81



82

83 **Figure S7 Effects of p62 deletion in ObRb-expressing neurons on the expression of**  
 84  **$\alpha$ -MSH and AgRP.** (A) Schematic representation of the experimental procedure. (B) IF  
 85 staining of  $\alpha$ -MSH (left) and RFU (right) in the PVN (n = 3 mice). (C) IF staining of AgRP  
 86 (left) and RFU (right) in the ARC (n = 3 mice). (D) IF staining of FOXO1 (left) and RFU  
 87 (right) in the ARC (n = 3 mice). 3V, third cerebral ventricle; ARC, arcuate nucleus; PVN,  
 88 paraventricular nucleus; RFU, relative fluorescent units; NCD, normal chow diet; HFD,  
 89 high-fat diet. Data are expressed as the mean  $\pm$  SD. **\*\*** $p$  < 0.01 vs. ObRb/NCD; **##** $p$  < 0.01 vs.  
 90 ObRb/HFD.

91



92

93 **Figure S8 Overexpression of p62 in the MBH alleviates obesity induced by leptin**

94 **deficiency and promotes the anti-obesity effect of leptin in ob/ob mice. (A) Schematic**

95 **representation of the experimental procedure. Eight-week-old male ob/ob mice received**

96 **bilateral MBH injection of AAV9-p62/GFP, followed by ICV leptin/aCSF infusion using an**

97 **ALZET osmotic mini-pump for 7 days, as indicated in the Methods. (B) Rectal temperature**

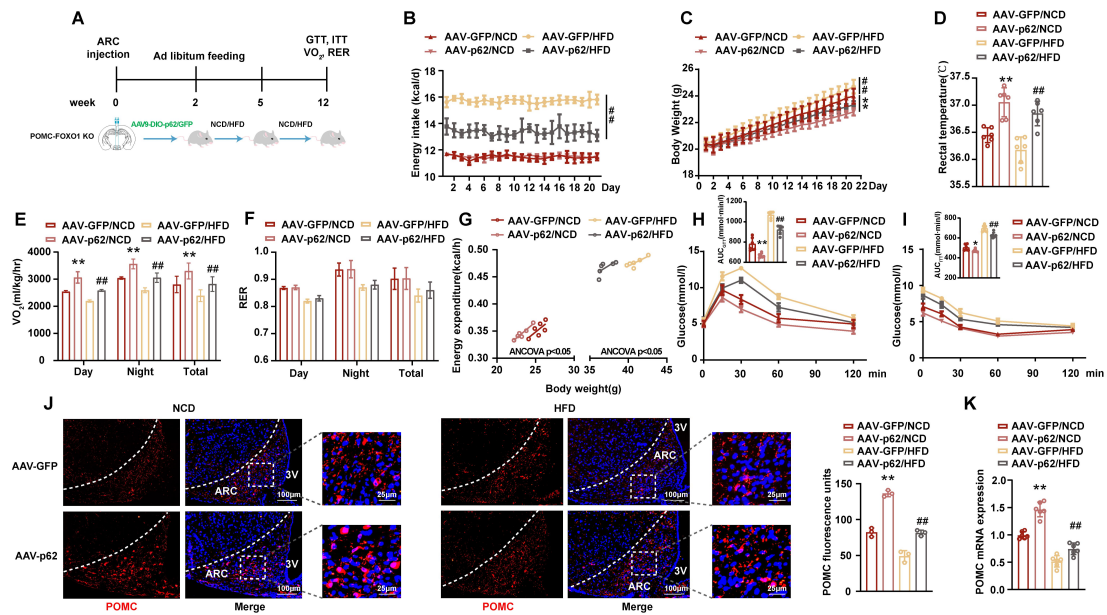
98 **(n = 6-7 mice). (C) Blood glucose and AUC during the GTT (n = 6-7 mice). (D) Blood**

99 **glucose and AUC during the ITT (n = 6-7 mice). MBH, mediobasal hypothalamus; GTT,**

100 **glucose tolerance test; ITT, insulin tolerance test; AUC, the area under the curve. Data are**

101 **expressed as the mean ± SD. \* $p < 0.05$ , \*\* $p < 0.01$  vs. GFP/aCSF; ## $p < 0.01$  vs. GFP/Leptin.**

102



103

104 **Figure S9 FoxO1 deletion in POMC neurons did not affect the function of central p62.**

105 (A) Schematic representation of the experimental procedure. Eight-week-old male

106 POMC-*FoxO1* KO mice received an ARC injection of AAV9-DIO-*p62/GFP* and were fed a

107 NCD or HFD for 12 weeks as indicated in the Methods. (B) Energy intake (n = 6 mice). (C)

108 Body weight (n = 6 mice). (D) Rectal temperature (n = 6 mice). (E) 24-h oxygen consumption

109 ( $V_{O_2}$ ) (n = 6 mice). (F) Respiratory exchange ratio (RER:  $V_{CO_2}/V_{O_2}$ ) (n = 6 mice). (G)

110 ANCOVA of the total energy expenditure versus body weight (n = 6 mice). (H and I) Blood

111 glucose and AUC during the GTT (H) and the ITT (I) (n = 6 mice). (J) IF staining for POMC

112 (left) and RFU (right) in the ARC (n = 3 mice). (K) POMC mRNA expression in the

113 hypothalamus (n = 6 mice). NCD, normal chow diet; HFD, high-fat diet; 3V, third cerebral

114 ventricle; ARC, arcuate nucleus; RFU, relative fluorescent units; GTT, glucose tolerance test;

115 ITT, insulin tolerance test; AUC, the area under the curve. Data are expressed as the mean  $\pm$

116 SD. \* $p < 0.05$ , \*\* $p < 0.01$  vs. GFP/NCD; ## $p < 0.01$  vs. GFP/HFD.