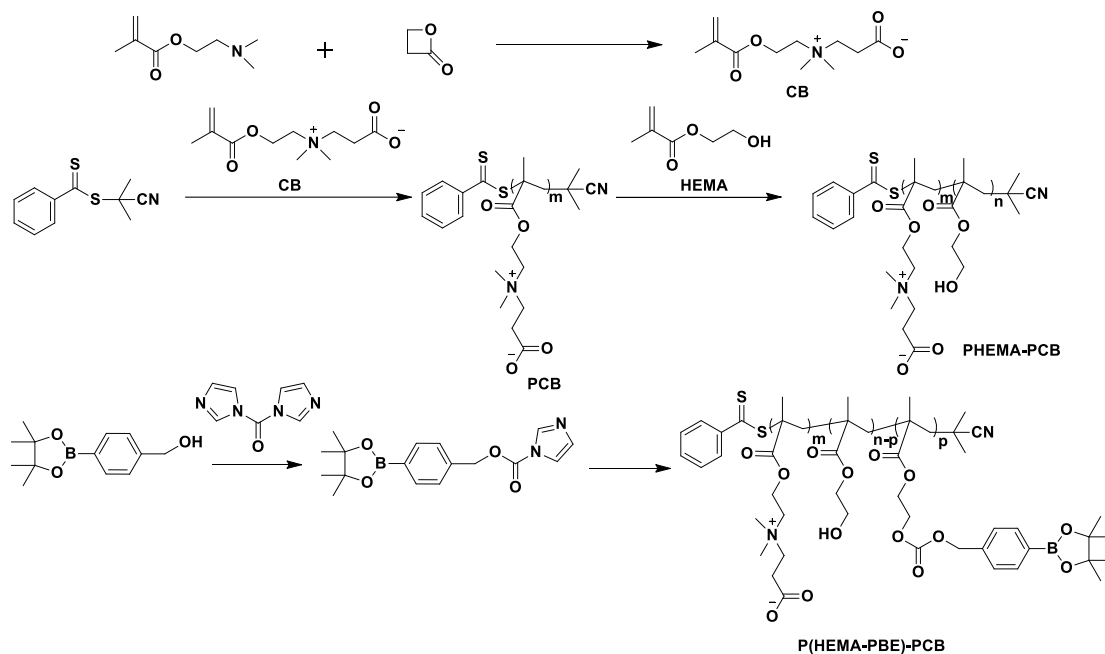
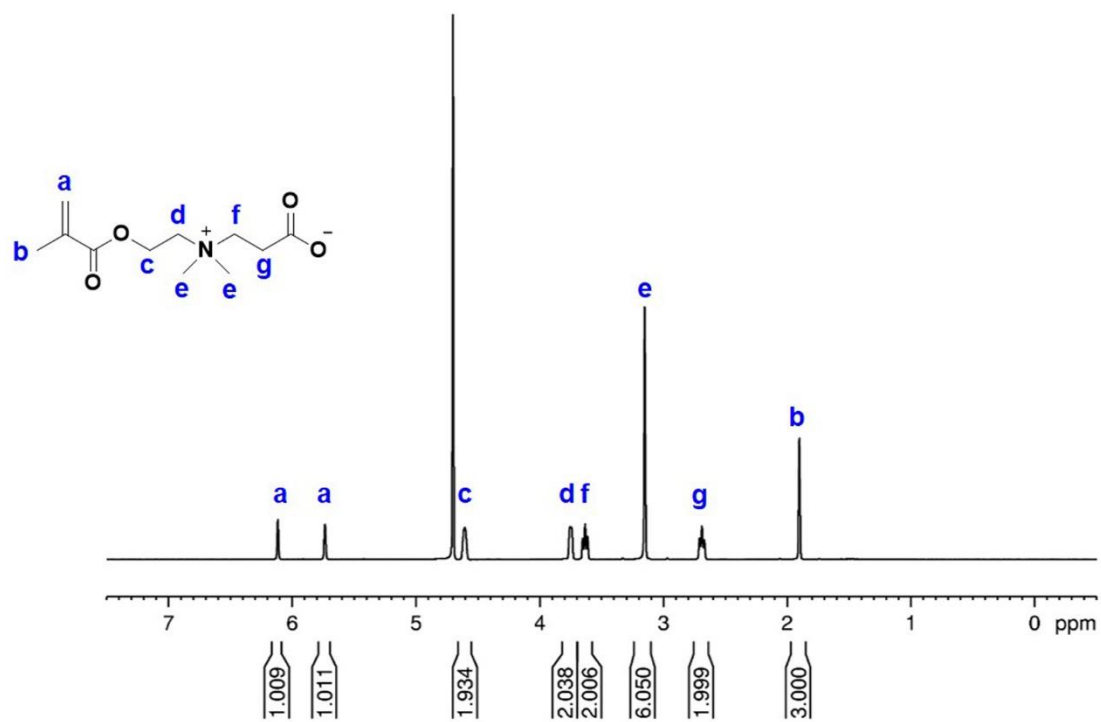


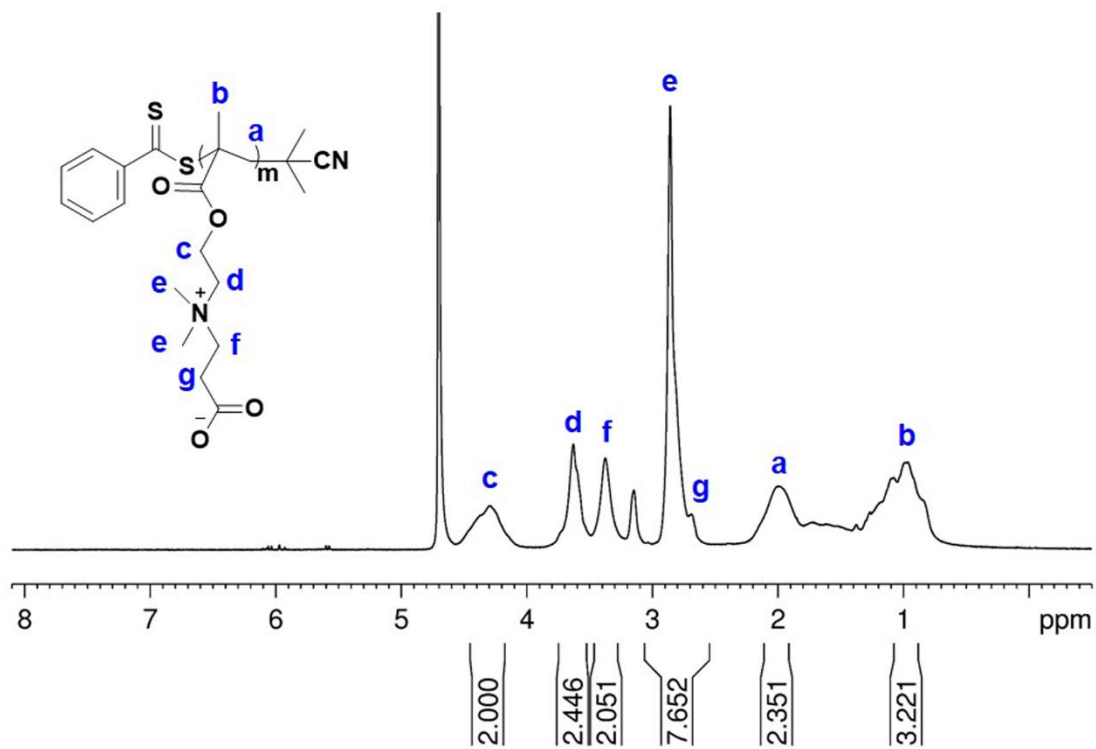
## Supplementary Material



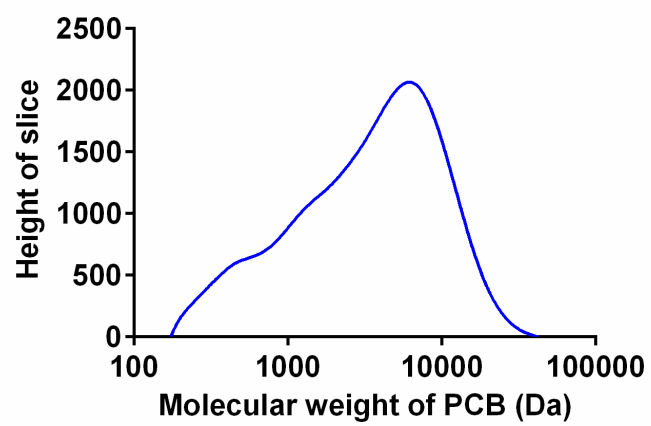
**Figure S1.** The synthetic route of P(HEMA-PBE)-PCB.



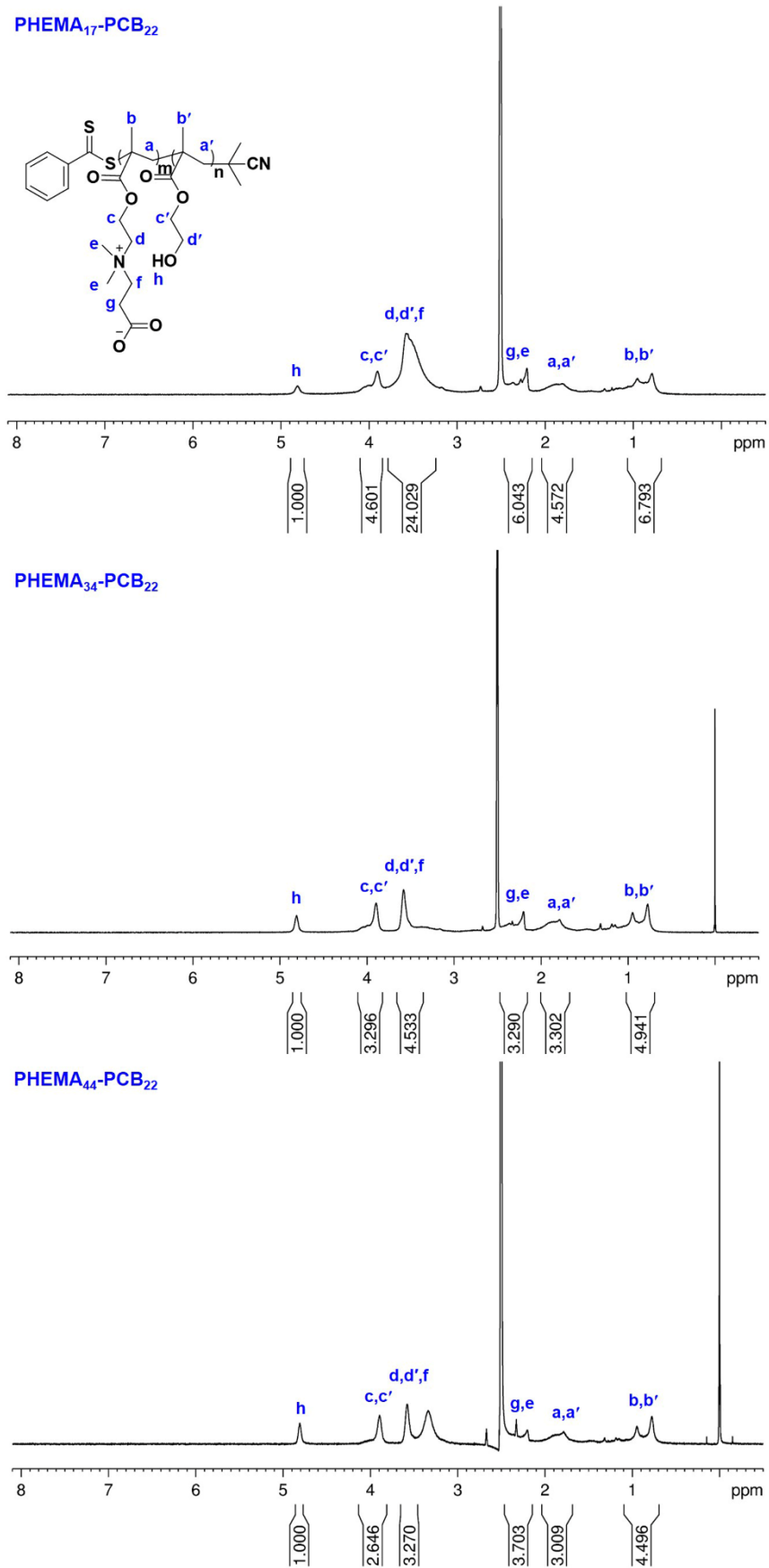
**Figure S2.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of CB monomer ( $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ ).



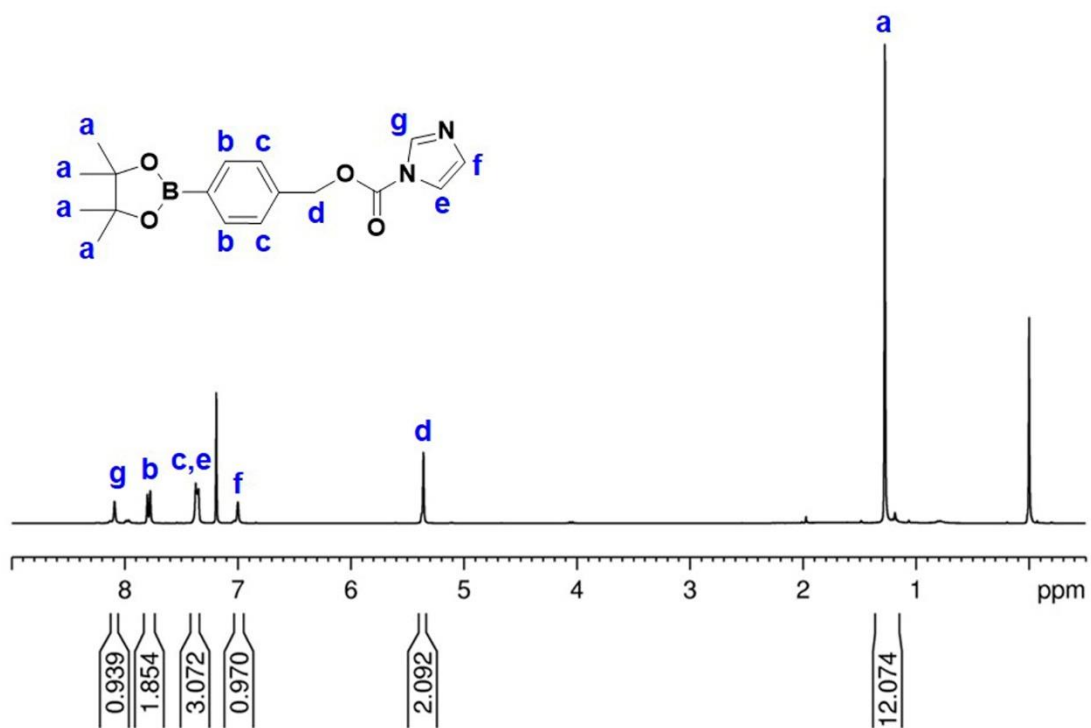
**Figure S3.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of PCB polymer ( $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ ).



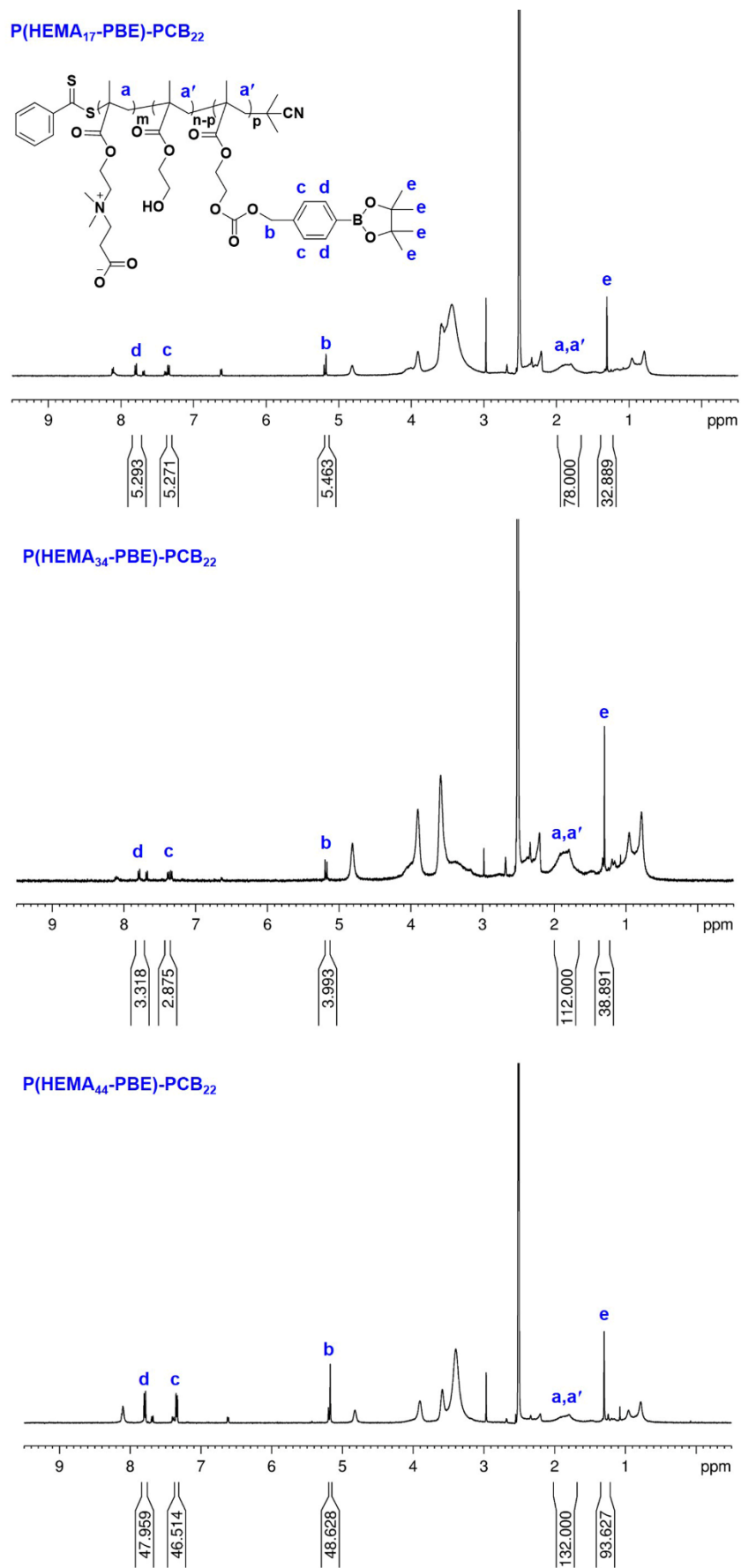
**Figure S4.** The molecular weight of PCB measured via GPC.



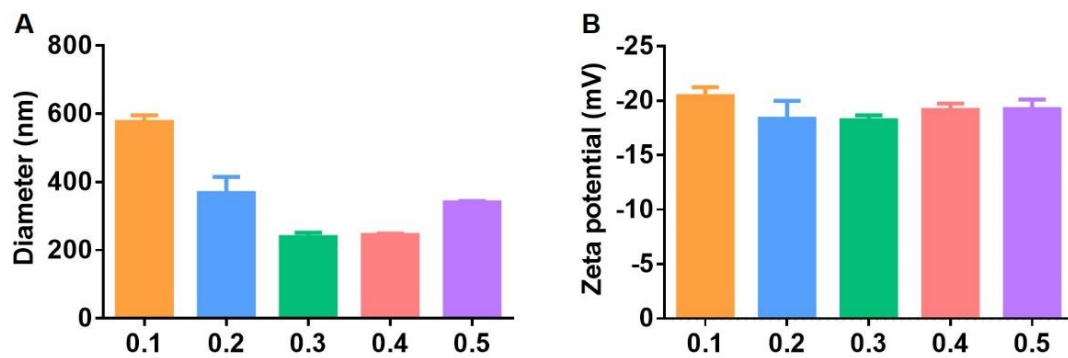
**Figure S5.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of PHEMA-PCB polymers (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>).



**Figure S6.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 4-(imidazolyl carbamate)phenylboronic acid pinacol ester (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).

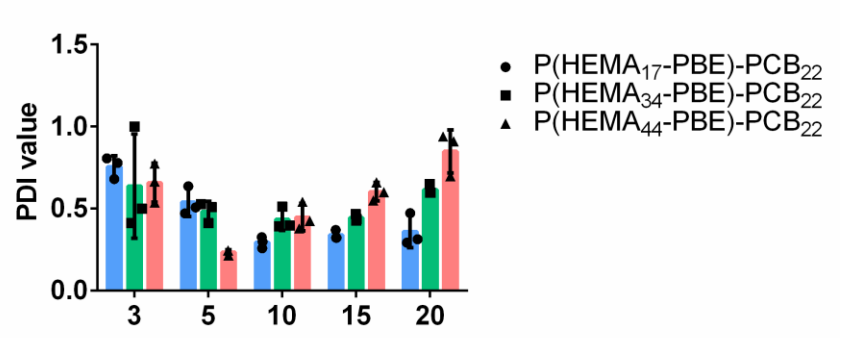


**Figure S7.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of P(HEMA-PBE)-PCB polymers (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>).

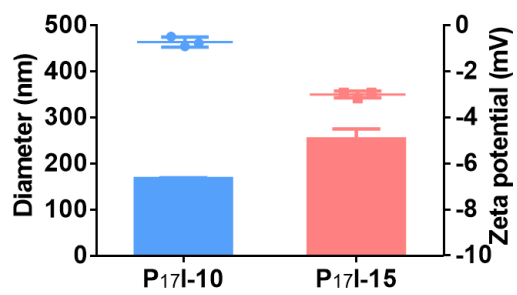


**Figure S8.** (A) Hydrodynamic diameter and (B) zeta potential of precipitates. ZnCl<sub>2</sub> solution was slowly added to the mixture of insulin and GOx under stirring at various mass ratios between ZnCl<sub>2</sub> and insulin. Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD (n = 3).



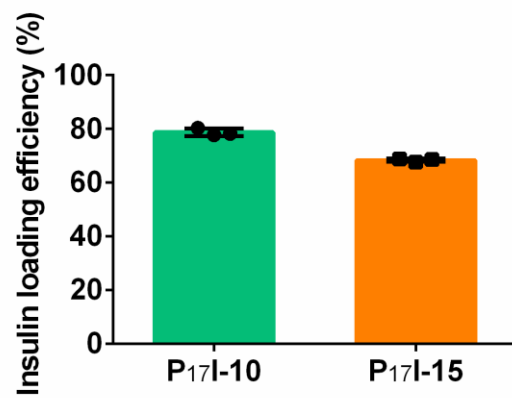


**Figure S9.** PDI value of PGI NPs with different mass ratios between P(HEMA-PBE)-PCB and insulin.

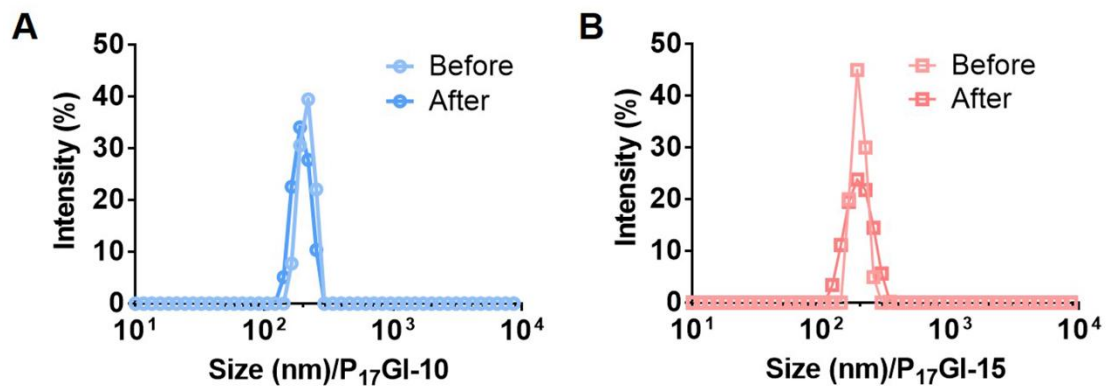


**Figure S10.** The hydrodynamic diameter and zeta potential of P<sub>17</sub>I-10 and P<sub>17</sub>I-15 NPs.

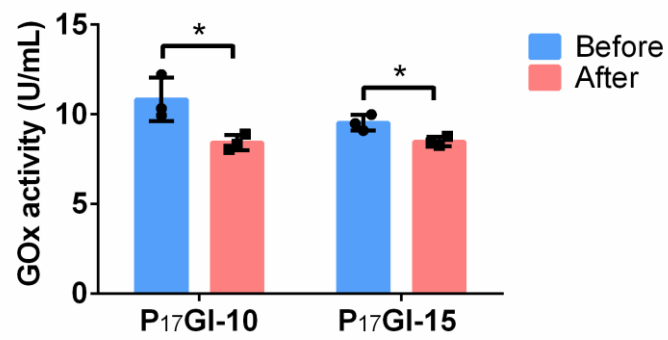
Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD (n = 3).



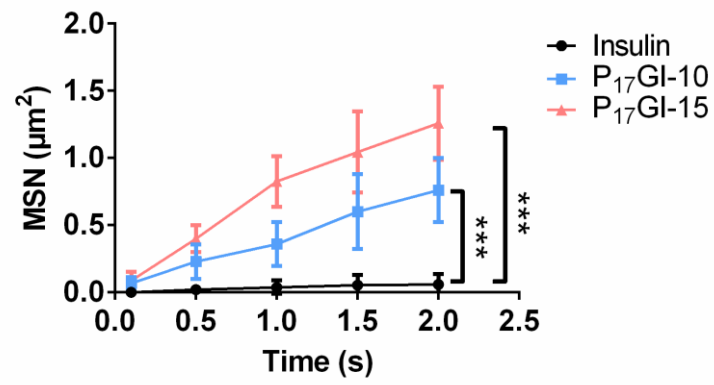
**Figure S11.** Insulin loading efficiency of P<sub>17</sub>I-10 and P<sub>17</sub>I-15 NPs. Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD (n = 3).



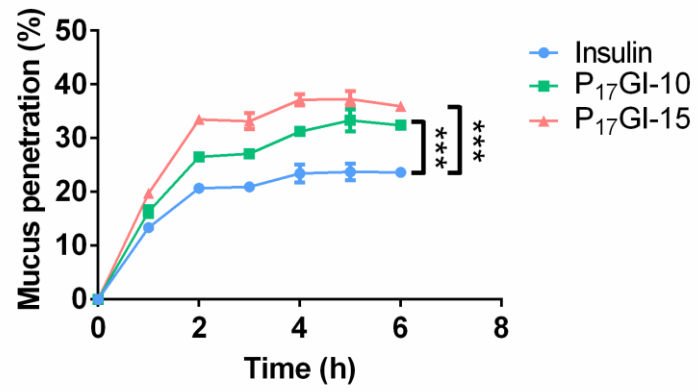
**Figure S12.** Size distribution of (A) P<sub>17</sub>GI-10 and (B) P<sub>17</sub>GI-15 NPs before and after lyophilization.



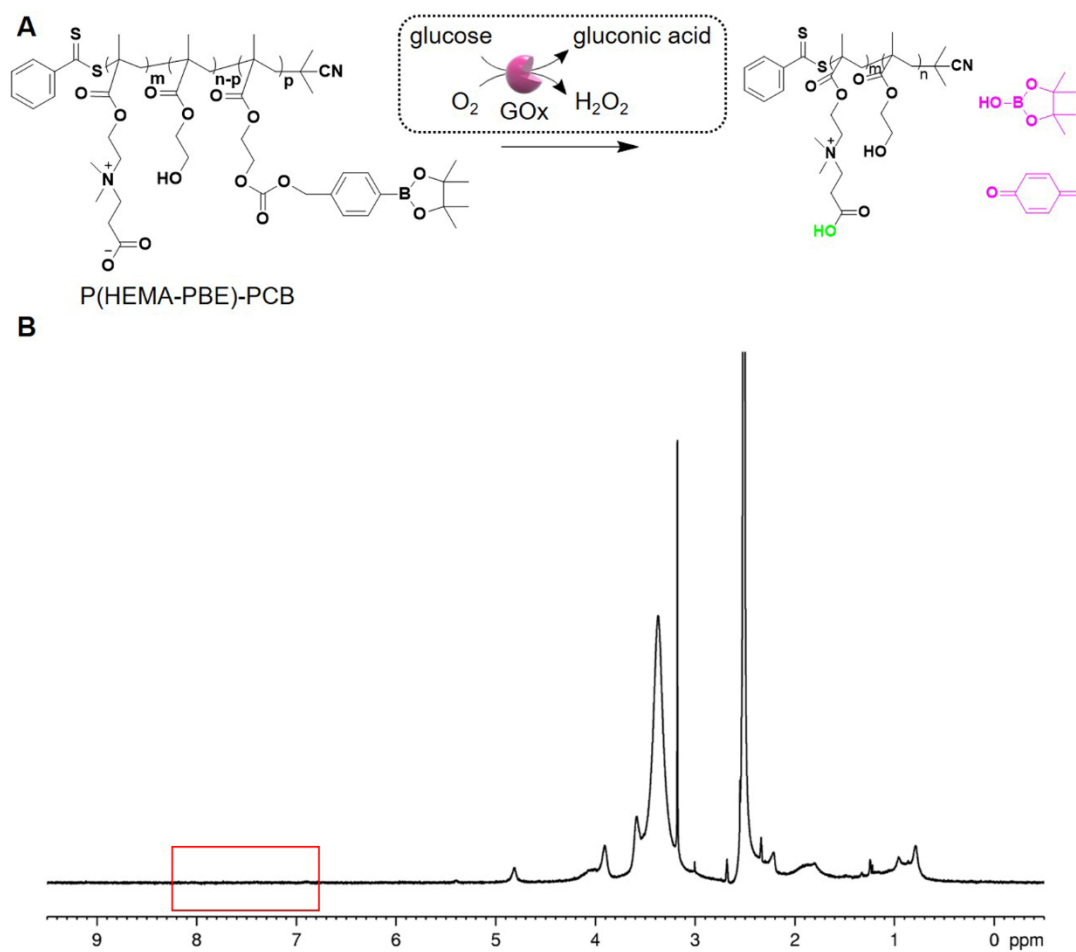
**Figure S13.** GOx activity of NPs before and after lyophilization. The concentration of GOx was 62.5  $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ . Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD ( $n = 3$ ).  $*P < 0.05$ .



**Figure S14.** MSD calculated from Figure 1H. Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD (n = 3). \*\*\* $P < 0.001$ .

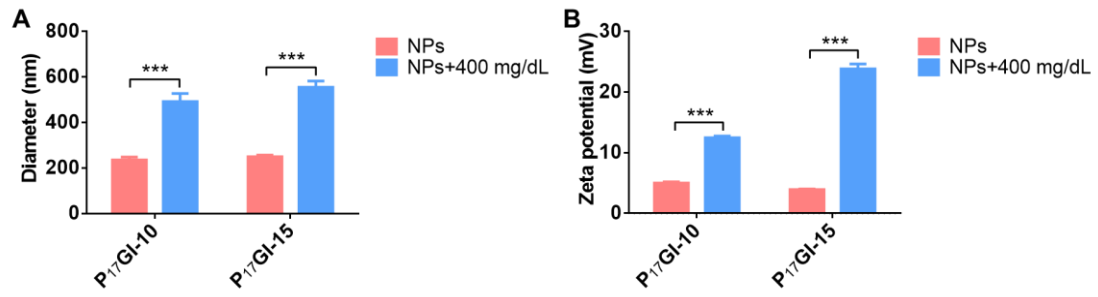


**Figure S15.** The percentage of Cy5-insulin across the mucus in transwell. Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD (n = 3). \*\*\* $P < 0.001$ .

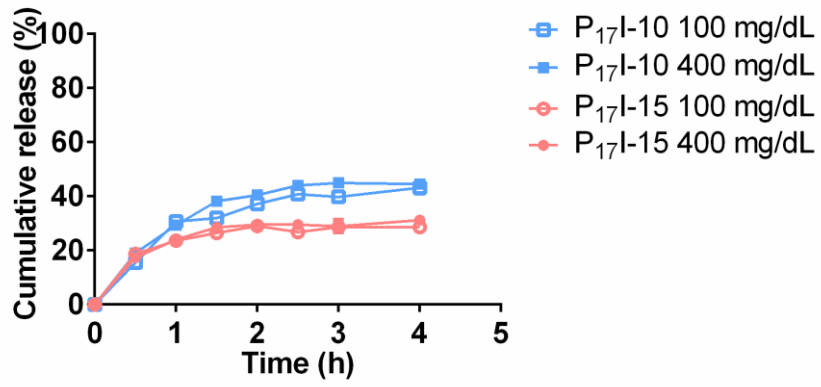


**Figure S16.** (A) Mechanism of the glucose-responsive P(HEMA-PBE)-PCB polymer. (B) <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of P(HEMA<sub>17</sub>-PBE)-PCB<sub>22</sub> polymer after incubating in H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> solution for 24 h.

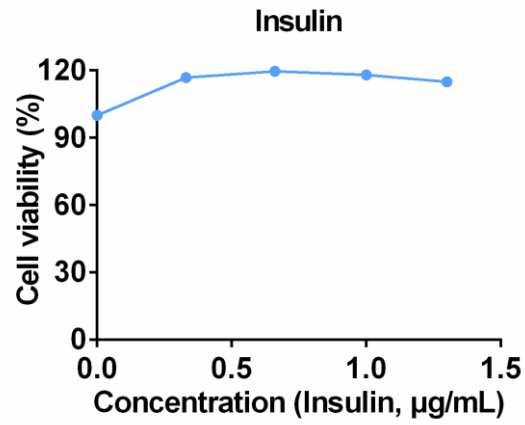




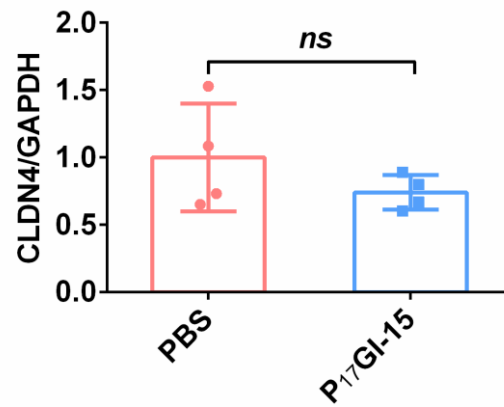
**Figure S17.** The changes of (A) diameter and (B) zeta potential of P<sub>17</sub>GI-10 and P<sub>17</sub>GI-15 NPs after incubating in 400 mg/dL glucose solution for 2 h. Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD (n = 3). \*\*\* $P < 0.001$ .



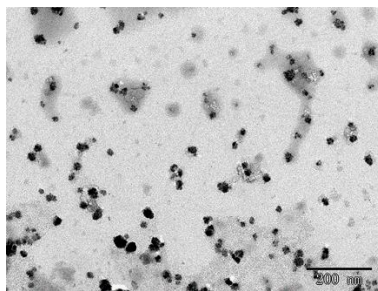
**Figure S18.** Cumulative insulin release of P<sub>17</sub>I-10 and P<sub>17</sub>I-15 NPs in 100 mg/dL and 400 mg/dL glucose solution, respectively. Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD (n = 3).



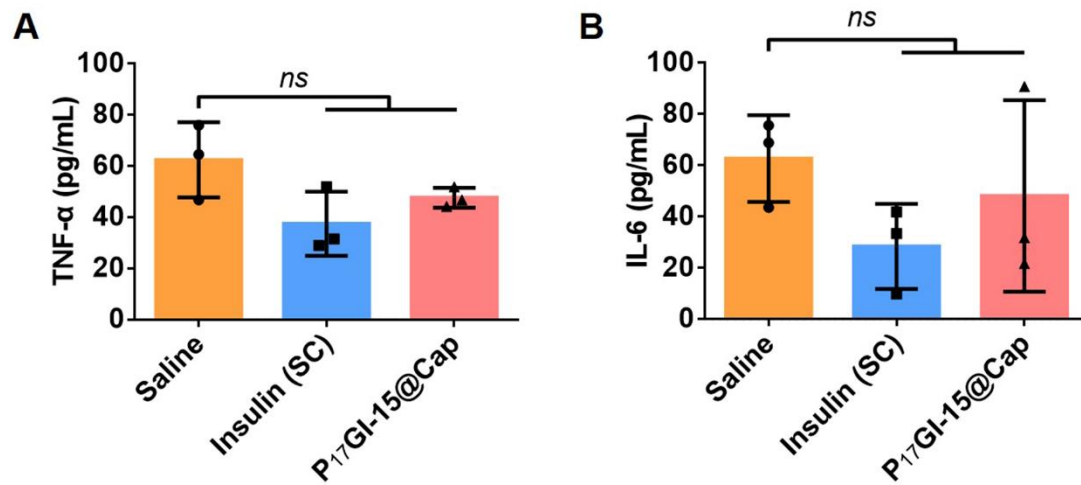
**Figure S19.** The cell viability of Caco-2 cells after incubating with insulin for 24 h. Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD (n = 3).



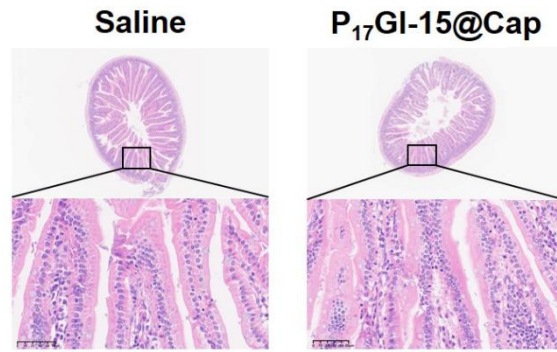
**Figure S20.** Quantified results of CLDN4 in Figure 3D using ImageJ. Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD (n = 4). ns > 0.05.



**Figure S21.** TEM image of P<sub>17</sub>GI-15 NPs across the Caco-2 cell lay in transwell. Scale bar: 200 nm.



**Figure S22.** (A) TNF- $\alpha$  and (B) IL-6 in serum collected 24 h after five consecutive days administration. Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD ( $n = 3$ ). ns > 0.05.



**Figure S23.** Hematoxylin-eosin staining of the small intestines collected 24 h after five consecutive days administration. Scale bar: 50  $\mu$ m.