Supplemental Figures and Tables



Figure S1. (A) The epitope of AURKA recognized by antibodies against AURKA(C). Related to Figure 1. HEK293T cells were transfected with GFP-tagged full-length (FL) AURKA or the truncated mutants as indicated in the figure. At 48 h post-transfection, cell lysates were subjected to

immunoblotting (IB) with the indicated antibodies. Bottom panel, a schematic of wild-type AURKA and the truncated mutants with GFP tags at the N-terminus.

(B) Establishment of KSHV-infected cell lines stably expressing YFP-tagged AURKA. Related to

Figure 1. Equal numbers of KMM stably expressing YFP-tagged vector alone, wild-type (WT) AURKA, or the D132A, N-cleaved (1-132), or C-cleaved (133-end) mutants, or BCBL1 cells transiently expression at 48 h post-transfection, were subjected to immunoblotting analysis with the indicated antibodies (GFP-tag antibodies were used to detect exogenous AURKA).



Figure S2. The sensitivity of KSHV-infected BCBL1 and uninfected BJAB cells in response to STSinduced apoptosis. Equal numbers of cells were treated with STS (0, 1, and 3 μ M) for 3 h, followed by staining with Annexin-V-FITC and propidium iodide (PI) for flow cytometry analysis. **Related to Figure 2.**



Figure S3. Asp¹³² cleavage of AURKA occurs in different cancer cell lines with or without viral infection in the presence of STS-induced apoptosis. Equal numbers of (A) KSHV-infected iSLK-Bac16 and uninfected iSLK epithelial cells, (B) EBV-infected B95.8, KSHV-infected BC3, and EBV/KSHV uninfected DG75 B-lymphoma cells, and (C) liver cancer cells (SMMC-7721 and HLE), were individually stimulated with STS (1 μ M) for the indicated time, followed by immunoblotting analysis with the indicated antibodies. Tubulin was used as an internal control. The arrow indicates the Asp¹³²-cleavage product of AURKA. Related to Figure 2.



Figure S4. The Asp¹³² cleavage of AURKA induced by STS is blocked by the pan-caspase inhibitor (Z-VAD-FMK). Equal numbers of BJAB cells were preincubated with Z-VAD-FMK (25 μ M) for 1 h, and then treated with STS (1 μ M) for 6 h, followed by immunoblotting analysis with antibodies as indicated. **Related to Figure 3**.



Figure S5. The amplification frequency of AURKA correlates with caspase 3, 7, or 8 mutations in most cancers. The alteration frequency of AURKA and caspase 3, 7, and 8 was analyzed using the cBioPortal database online. Related to Figure 3.



Figure S6. (**A**) Generation of HeLa cell lines stably expressing YFP-tagged AURKA. Equal numbers of HeLa parental (Mock) cells and cells stably expressing the vector only, YFP-tagged wild-type (WT) AURKA or the D132A, N-cleaved (1-132), and C-cleaved (133-end) mutants, were subjected to immunoblotting analysis with the indicated antibodies. **Related to Figure 4.** (**B**) GO functional enrichment analysis of differentially expressed genes (DEGs) between AURKA^{FL} and AURKA¹⁻¹³² from *panel B* of Figure 4. (**C**) KEGG enrichment analysis of DEGs from AURKA^{FL} vs. AURKA¹⁻¹³² from *panel B* of Figure 4. **Related to Figure 4**.



Figure S7. Asp¹³²-cleaved product of AURKA reduces colony formation *in vitro*. Equal numbers of (**A**) HeLa or (**B**) KMM cells stably expressing wild-type (WT) AURKA or the N-terminus (1–132) and C-terminus (133–end) mutants were treated with 1 µg/mL puromycin, and then fixed 8 or 10 days later followed by staining with crystal violet to determine the colony numbers. The relative colony formation levels were calculated from three independent experiments. **, p<0.01. FC, fold change. **Related to Figure 7.**



Figure S8. Taxol reduces the growth of tumor cells expressing wild-type AURKA but not the D132A mutant *in vivo*. Photographs of tumor tissues induced by HeLa cells stably expressing the vector only, wild-type AURKA, or the D132A mutant in nude mice from Figure 7B. **Related to Figure 7**.



Figure S9. Representative images of patient tissues of grade 2 or 5 group immunostained with antibodies for cleaved caspase 3 or EGR1. Enlarged views are shown in the top panels. **Related to Figure 7.**

Group	Patient	Age		Therapeutic Strategy
	(record No.)			
0.1.0	Patient #2-1		TD	T (Abraxane) 400mg iv drip d1
Grade 2	(2323045)	66	TP	P (Carboplatin) 550mg iv drip d1
	D			T (Abraxane) 400mg iv drip d1
Grade 2	Patient #2-2	73	THP	H (Trastuzumab) 560mg iv drip d1
	(2322314)			P (Pertuzumab) 840mg iv drip d1
				T (Abraxane) 400mg iv drip d1
Grade 2	Patient #2-3	31	TEC	E (Pirarubicin) 130mg iv drip d1
	(2322109)			C (Cyclophosphamide) 850mg iv drip d1
				T (Abraxane) 100mg iv drip d1
Grade 2	Patient #2-4	60	TAC	A (Epirubicin) 90mg iv drip d1
	(2322061)			C (Cyclophosphamide) 700mg iv drip d1
				T (Abraxane) 400mg iv drip d1
Grade 2	Patient #2-5	60	TEC	E (Doxorubicin) 40mg iv drip d1
	(2321223)		ILC	C (Cyclophosphamide) 800mg iv drip d1
Grade 2	Patient #2-6			
	(2320723)	60	Т	T (Abraxane) 400mg iv drip d1
	()			T (Abraxane) 400mg iv drip d1
Grade 2	Patient #2-7 (2311943)	49	TEC	E (Epirubicin) 120mg iv drip d1
		.,		C (Cyclophosphamide) 850mg iv drip d1
				T (Paclitaxel) 330mg iv drin d1
Grade 2	Patient #2-8	46	TAC	A (enirubicin) 120mg iv drin d1
Ulaue 2	(2310240)	10		C (Cyclophosphamide) 800mg iv drip d1
				T (Abraxane) 400mg iv drip d1
	Patient #2-9	43	ТСЬНР	Ch (carbonlatin) 750mg iv drip d1
Grade 2				H (Trastuzumah) 400mg iv drin d1
	(250)510)			P (Pertuzumab) 420mg iv drip d1
				T (Abravane) 400 mg iv drip d1
	Patient #5-1			Ch (carbonlatin) 650mg iv drip d1
Grade 5	(2323103)	45	TCbHP	H (Trastuzumah) 432mg iv drip d1
	(2323103)			P (Pertuzumab) 840mg iv drip d1
				T (Abrayane) 130mg iv drip d1
Grade 5	Patient #5-2	48	TEC	F (Epirubicin) 130mg iv drip d1
Grade 5	(2322801)	-10		Ch (carbonlatin) 700mg iv drip d1
				T (Abravane) 120mg iv drin d1
	Patient #5-3			Ch (carbonlatin) 450mg iv drip d1
Grade 5	(2320411)	47	TCbHP	H (Trastuzumah) 320mg iv drip d1
	(2320411)			P (Portugumab) 420mg iv drip d1
Grada 5	Dationt #5 1	22	TEC	T (A bravane) 400mg iv drip d1
Urade J	(2210077)	55	ILC	F (Epizubicia) 120mg iv drig d1
	(2319977)			C (Cyclophosphamide) 200mg iv drig d1
Crad 5	Dation 4 45 5	<i>/</i> 1	TCLUP	T (A herevene) 400 s is drive 11
Grade 5	Patient #3-3	41	ICOHP	i (Abraxane) 400mg iv drip di

 Table S1 Sample Information from breast cancer patients. Related to Figure 7.

		(2319631)			Cb (carboplatin) 750mg iv drip d1
					H (Trastuzumab) 480mg iv drip d1
					P (Pertuzumab) 840mg iv drip d1
	Grade 5	Patient #5-6	50	TEC	T (Abraxane) 400mg iv drip d1
		(2319585)			E(Liposome doxorubicin) 40mg iv drip d1
					C (Cyclophosphamide) 900mg iv drip d1
	Grade 5	Patient #5-7	38	THP	T (Abraxane) 360mg iv drip d1
		(2319096)			H (Trastuzumab) 380mg iv drip d1
					P (Pertuzumab) 840mg iv drip d1
	Grade 5	Patient #5-8	30	ТСЬНР	T (Abraxane) 400mg iv drip d1
		(2319072)			Cb (carboplatin) 800mg iv drip d1
					H (Trastuzumab) 480mg iv drip d1
					P (Pertuzumab) 840mg iv drip d1
	Grade 5	Patient #5-9	41	TEC	T (Abraxane) 380mg iv drip d1
		(2317203)			E (Liposome doxorubicin) 40mg iv drip d1
					C (Cyclophosphamide) 700mgiv drip d1
-					

Oligonucleotides	Source	Identifier
Forward primer for Caspase 3-sgRNA-1: 5'-CACCGTACCCGGGTTAACCGAAAGG-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Reverse primer for Caspase 3-sgRNA-1: 5'-AAACCCTTTCGGTTAACCCGGGTAC-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Forward primer for Caspase 3-sgRNA-2: 5'-CACCGACTGGAATGACATCTCGGTC-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Reverse primer for Caspase 3-sgRNA-2: 5'-AAACGACCGAGATGTCATTCCAGTC-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Forward primer for Caspase 6-sgRNA-1:	This paper	Custom synthesis
Reverse primer for Caspase 6-sgRNA-1:	This paper	Custom synthesis
Forward primer for Caspase 6-sgRNA-2:	This paper	Custom synthesis
5'-CACCGATAGAGACAATCTTACCCGC-3' Reverse primer for Caspase 6-sgRNA-2:	This paper	Custom synthesis
5'-AAACGCGGGTAAGATTGTCTCTATC-3' Forward primer for Caspase 7-sgRNA-1:	This paper	Custom synthesis
5'-CACCGATGGCATCCAGGCCGACTCG-3' Reverse primer for Caspase 7-sgRNA-1:	rins paper	Custom synthesis
5'-AAACCGAGTCGGCCTGGATGCCATC-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Forward primer for Caspase 7-sgRNA-2: 5'-CACCGGGGGACGGTACAAACGAGGAC-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Reverse primer for Caspase 7-sgRNA-2:	This paper	Custom synthesis

Table S2 Oligonucleotides. Related to Figure 3 and 4.

5'-AAACGTCCTCGTTTGTACCGTCCCC-3'

Forward primer for Caspase 8-sgRNA-1: 5'-CACCG GTGAGAATATCATCGCCTCG-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Reverse primer for Caspase 8-sgRNA-1: 5'-AAAC CGAGGCGATGATATTCTCACC-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Forward primer for Caspase 8-sgRNA-2: 5'-CACCGGCCTGGACTACATTCCGCAA-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Reverse primer for Caspase 8-sgRNA-2: 5'-AAACTTGCGGAATGTAGTCCAGGCC-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Forward primer for β-actin qPCR: 5'-GCCGCCAGCTCACCAT-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Reverse primer for β-actin qPCR: 5'-TCGTCGCCCACATAGGAATC-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Forward primer for FOS qPCR: 5'-TGGCGTTGTGAAGACCATGA-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Reverse primer for FOS qPCR: 5'-AGTTGGTCTGTCTCCGCTTG-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Forward primer for FOSB qPCR: 5'-ACCGACTCCAGGCGGAGA-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Reverse primer for FOSB qPCR: 5'-GAGAGAAGCCGTCAGGTTGG-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Forward primer for Jun qPCR: 5'-CAGCCAGGTCGGCAGTATAG-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Reverse primer for Jun qPCR: 5'-GGACTCTGCCACTTGTCTCC-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis

Forward primer for EGR1 qPCR: 5'-CACCTGACCGCAGAGTCTTT-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Reverse primer for EGR1 qPCR: 5'-CTGACCAAGCTGAAGAGGGGG-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Forward primer for CCN1 qPCR: 5'-AGCAGCCTGAAAAAGGGCAA-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Reverse primer for CCN1 qPCR: 5'-AGCCTGTAGAAGGGAAACGC-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Forward primer for CCN2 qPCR: 5'-ATGGTGCTCCCTGCATCTTC-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis
Reverse primer for CCN2 qPCR: 5'-TCTTCCAGTCGGTAAGCCGC-3'	This paper	Custom synthesis