Supplementary Table 1. The clinical characteristics of patients with CRLM in this study.

Characteristics	(n=91)
Age at liver resection (years)	Median 59 (34 - 66)
Gender	
Male	47 (51.6%)
Female	44 (48.4%)
Primary tumor location	
Right-sided	18 (19.8%)
Left-sided	73 (80.2%)
Nodal involvement of primary tumor	
N1-2	59 (64.8%)
N0	32 (35.2%)
Time between primary tumor and liver metastases	
Synchronous	71 (78.0%)
Metachronous	20 (22.0%)
Preoperative CEA (ng/mL)	
≤ 5	20 (22.0%)
> 5	71 (78.0%)
Preoperative chemotherapy	
Chemotherapy alone	47 (51.6%)
Chemotherapy + Cetuximab	23 (25.3%)
Chemotherapy + Bevacizumab	14 (15.4%)
No preoperative chemotherapy	7 (7.7%)
Best Response before surgery	
PR	43 (47.3%)
SD	41(45.1%)
NA	7 (7.7%)

Postoperative chemotherapy						
Chemotherapy alone	65 (71.4%)					
Chemotherapy + Cetuximab	15 (16.5%)					
Chemotherapy +Bevacizumab	3 (3.3%)					
No postoperative chemotherapy	8 (8.8%)					
Concomitant ablation						
Yes	27 (29.7%)					
No	64 (70.3%)					
Number of liver metastasis						
= 1	25 (27.5%)					
> 1	66 (72.5%)					
Extent of liver metastases						
Unilateral	40 (44.0%)					
Bilateral	51 (56.0%)					
Diameter of the largest liver metastasis (cm)	Median 4.3 (1.0 – 15.7)					
CRS						
Low risk (Score 0-2)	33 (36.3%)					
High risk (Score 3-5)	58 (63.7%)					

CRLM, colorectal liver metastasis

CEA, carcinoembryonic antigen

PR, partial response

SD, stable disease

CRS, clinical risk score

Supplementary Table 2. The clinical characteristics of patients with CRLM at four time points.

Characteristics	Baseline ctDNA (n = 53)	Pre-operation ctDNA (n = 65)	Post-operation ctDNA (n =	Post-ACT ctDNA (n = 49)		
			82)			
Age at liver resection (years)	Median 56 (20 - 73)	Median 56 (20 - 73)	Median 56 (20 - 75)	Median 56 (20 - 73)		
Gender						
Male	32 (60.4%)	43 (66.2%)	53 (64.6%)	30 (61.2%)		
Female	21 (39.6%)	22 (33.8%)	29 (35.4%)	19 (38.8%)		
Primary tumor location						
Right-sided	9 (17.0%)	11 (16.9%)	16 (19.5%)	9 (18.4%)		
Left-sided	44 (83.0%)	54 (83.1%)	66 (80.5%)	40 (81.6%)		
Nodal involvement of primary tumor						
N1-2	34 (64.2%)	43 (66.2%)	57 (69.5%)	32 (65.3%)		
N0	19 (35.8%)	22 (33.8%)	25 (30.5%)	17 (34.7%)		
Prior resection of the primary tumor						
No	33 (62.3%)	36 (55.4%)	49 (59.8%)	31 (63.3%)		
Yes	20 (37.7%)	29 (44.6%)	33 (40.2%)	18 (36.7%)		
Time between primary tumor and liver metastases						
Synchronous	42 (79.2%)	53 (81.5%)	66 (80.5%)	41 (83.7%)		
Metachronous	11 (20.8%)	12 (18.5%)	16 (19.5%)	8 (16.3%)		
Preoperative CEA (ng/mL)						
≤ 5	22 (41.5%)	27 (41.5%)	32 (39.0%)	22 (44.9%)		
> 5	31 (58.5%)	38 (58.5%)	50 (61.0%)	27 (55.1%)		
Preoperative chemotherapy						
Yes	51 (96.2%)	64 (98.5%)	76 (92.7%)	44 (89.8%)		
No	2 (3.8%)	1 (1.5%)	6 (7.3%)	5 (10.2%)		
Extend of liver metastases						
Solitary	18 (34.0%)	18 (27.7%)	23 (28.0%)	11 (22.4%)		
Multifocal	35 (66.0%)	47 (72.3%)	59 (72.0%)	38 (77.6%)		
Unilateral	27 (50.9%)	28 (43.1%)	36 (43.9%)	20 (40.8%)		

Bilateral	26 (49.1%)	37 (56.9%)	46 (56.1%)	29 (59.2%)
Concomitant ablation				
Yes	39 (73.6%)	20 (30.8%)	25 (30.5%)	11 (22.4)
No	14 (26.4%)	45 (69.2%)	57 (69.5%)	38 (77.6%)
Postoperative chemotherapy				
Yes	47 (88.7%)	58 (89.2%)	76 (92.7%)	47 (95.9%)
No	6 (11.3%)	7 (10.8%)	6 (7.3%)	2 (4.1%)
CRS				
Low risk (Score 0-2)	21 (39.6%)	18 (27.7%)	30 (36.6%)	21 (42.9%)
High risk (Score 3-5)	32 (60.4%)	47 (72.3%)	52 (63.4%)	28 (57.1%)

CRLM, colorectal liver metastases

CEA, carcinoembryonic antigen

CRS, clinical risk score

Supplementary Table 3. Relationship of ctDNA status and clinical characteristics of CRLM.

	Baseline ctDNA (n = 53)		Pre-operation ctDNA (n = 65)			Post-operation ctDNA (n = 82)			Post-ACT ctDNA (n = 49)			
Variables	Low level (n = 26)	High level (n = 27)	P	Negative (n = 28)	Positiv	P	Negative (n = 48)	Positive (n = 34)	P	Negative (n = 27)	Positive (n = 22)	P
Age at liver resection (years)			0.928			0.156			0.443			0.553
< 60	18	19		22	23		33	26		19	18	
≥ 60	8	8		6	14		15	8		8	4	
Gender			0.340			0.420			0.631			0.386
Female	12	9		11	11		18	11		9	10	
Male	14	18		17	26		30	23		18	12	
Primary tumor location			0.409			0.318			0.191			0.598
Right-sided	21	24		26	30		42	26		22	20	
Left-sided	5	3		2	7		6	8		5	2	
Nodal involvement of primary			0.013			0.182			0.249			0.325
tumor												
No	5	14		12	10		17	8		11	6	
Yes	21	13		16	27		31	26		16	16	
Disease free interval (DFI,			0.947			0.861			0.476			0.943
months)												
> 12	5	5		5	6		7	7		5	3	
< 12	21	22		23	31		41	27		22	19	
Diameter of the largest LM (cm)			<0.001			0.388			0.354			0.586
< 5	23	9		16	25		33	20		19	17	
≥ 5	3	18		12	12		15	14		8	5	
CEA level (ng/mL)			0.280			0.246			0.272			0.390
< 5	3	1		3	8		7	8		3	5	
≥5	23	26		25	29		41	25		24	15	
Number of liver metastasis			0.497			0.700			0.443			0.207

< 2	10	8		8	9		15	8		9	3	
≥ 2	16	19		20	28		33	26		18	19	
CRS			0.008			0.069			0.503			0.407
0-2	15	6		11	7		19	11		13	8	
3-5	11	21		17	30		29	23		14	14	
Recurrence			0.132			0.122			<			0.010
									0.001			
No	11	17		16	14		28	7		16	5	
Yes	15	10		12	23		20	27		11	17	

Low level and high level respectively represented lower-than-median and higher-than-median VAF of baseline ctDNA.

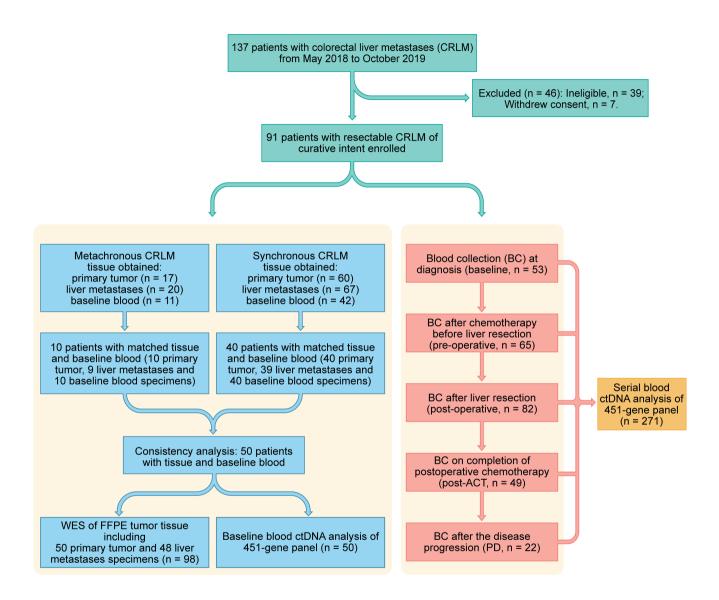
ctDNA, circulating tumor DNA

CRLM, colorectal liver metastasis

LM, liver metastasis

CEA, carcinoembryonic antigen

CRS, clinical risk score



Supplemental Figure 1. Flow chart of patients enrolled and sample collection at different time points for analysis.