

Kidney-targeted rhein-loaded liponanoparticles for diabetic nephropathy therapy via size control and enhancement of renal cellular uptake

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Supplementary Material

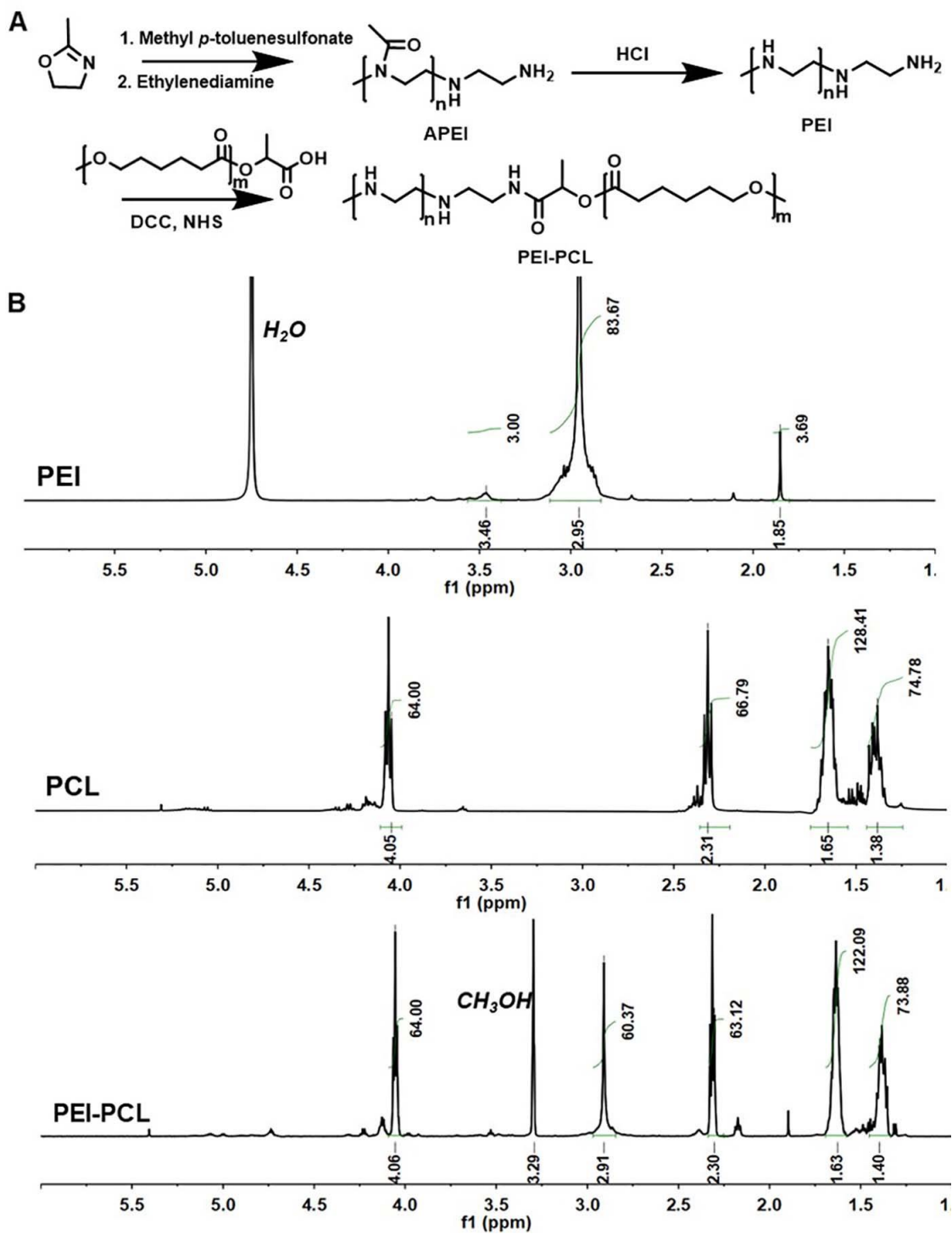


Figure S1. Synthetic route (A) and 1H NMR spectra of the polymers (B).

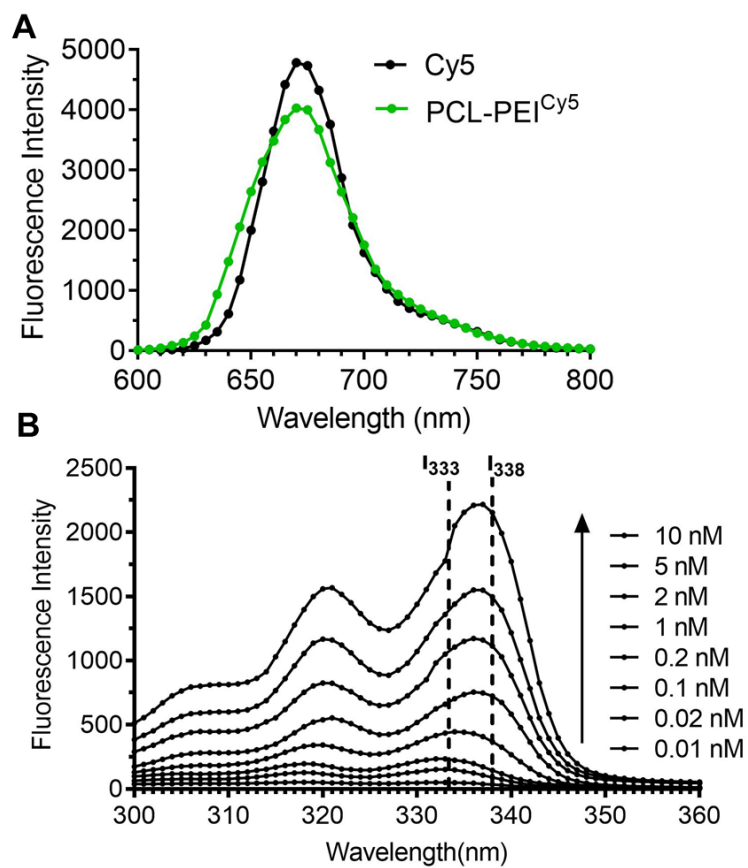


Figure S2. Fluorescent scanning spectra of Cy5 labeled PCL-PEI (A). Fluorescence intensity of pyrene against various concentrations of polymers (B).

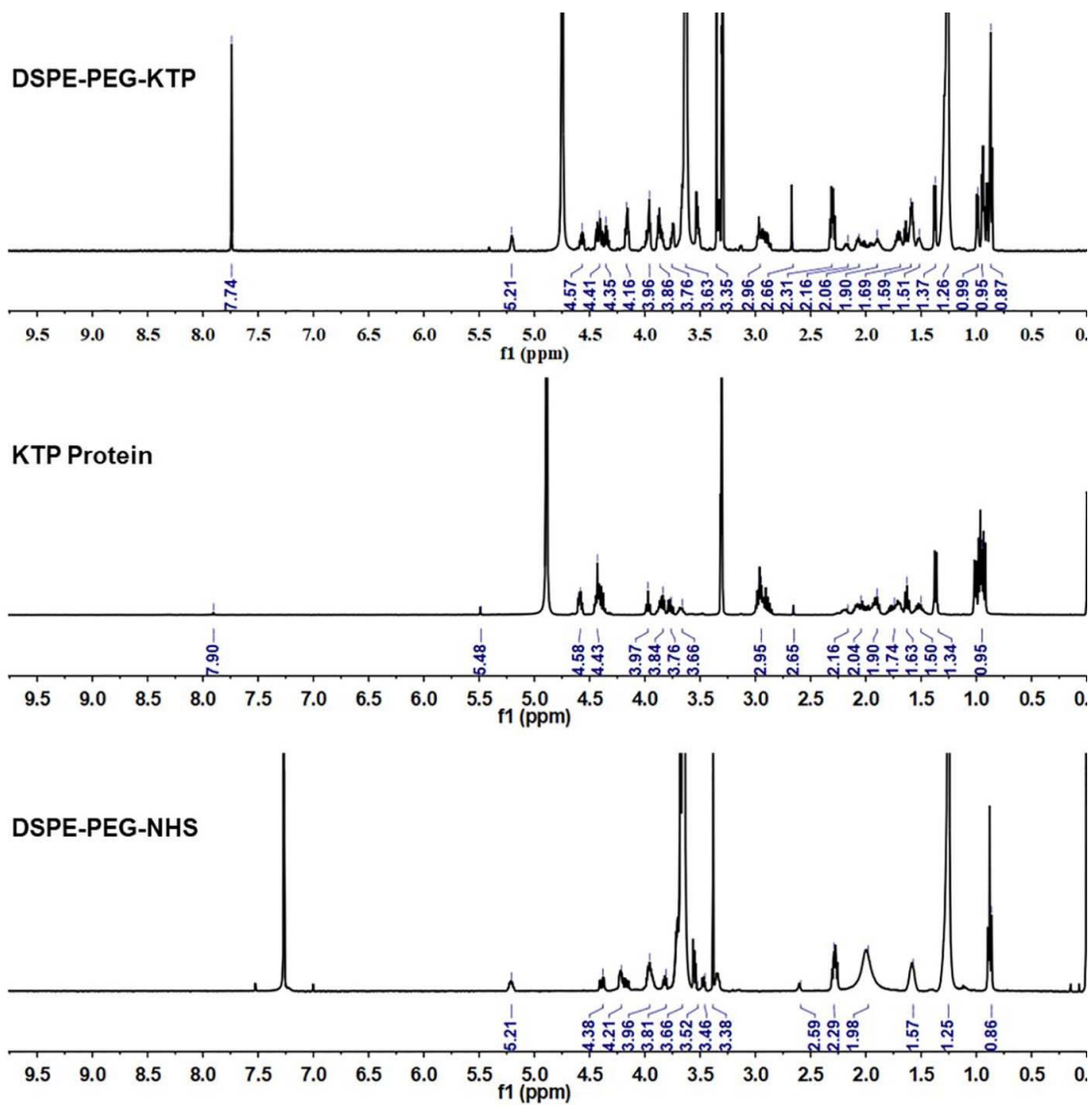


Figure S3. ¹H NMR spectra of DSPE-PEG-KTP, KTP protein and DSPE-PEG-NHS.

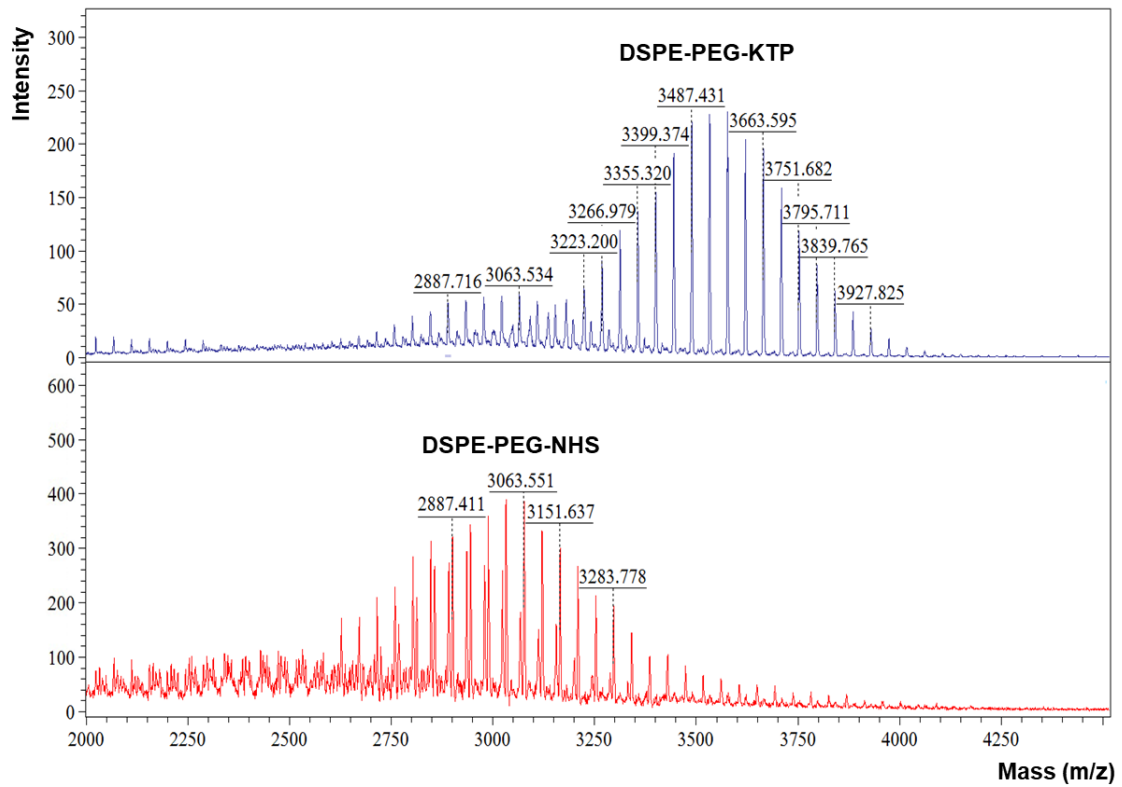


Figure S4. The MALDI-TOF-MS spectrum of DSPE-PEG-KTP and DSPE-PEG-NHS.

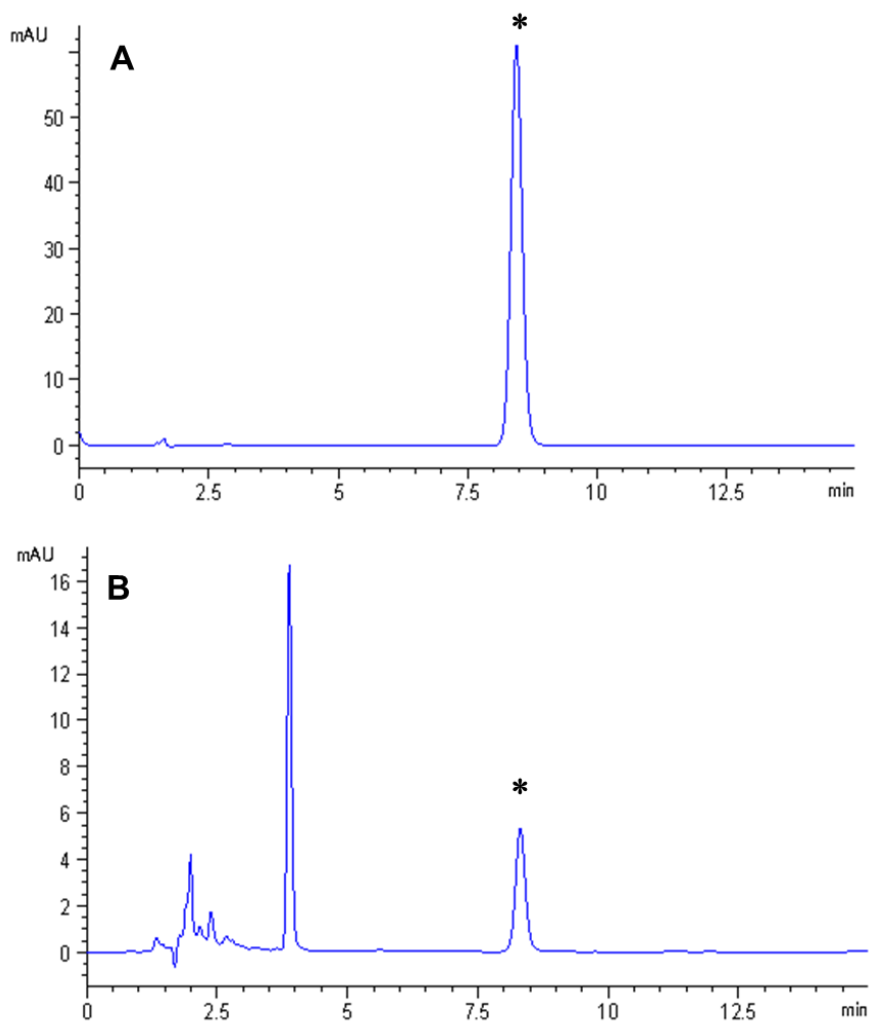


Figure S5. HPLC chromatograms of RH standard solution (A) and plasma added with RH standard solution (B). The retention time of RH was 8.44 min. * indicated the chromatograph peak of RH.

Table S1. Release kinetics of KLPPR in PBS (pH 7.4).

Model	Regression equation	R^2
Zero-order	$Q = 0.0117t + 0.1867$	0.6105
First-order	$\ln(1-Q) = -0.0191t - 0.2168$	0.7218
Higuchi	$Q = 0.979t^{1/2} + 0.0648$	0.8655

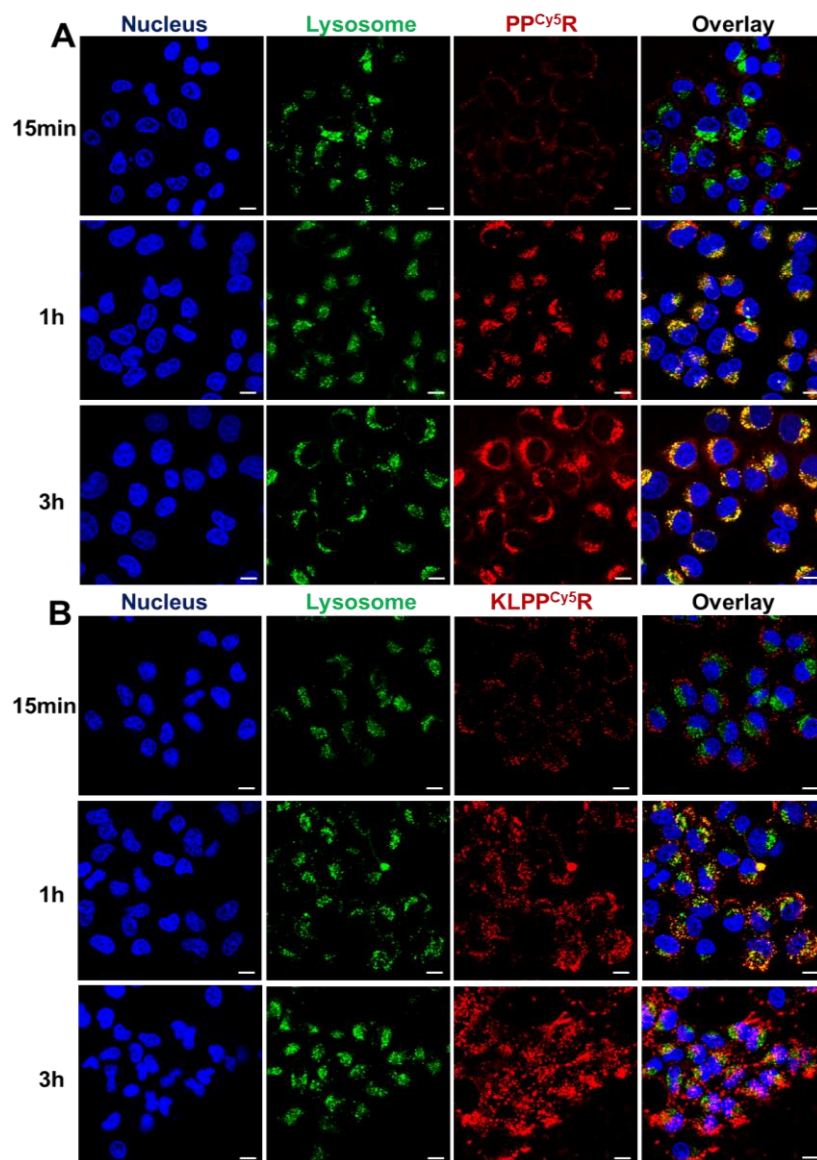


Figure S6. Subcellular distribution of (A) PP^{Cy5}R and (B) KLPP^{Cy5}R. HK-2 cells were imaged with a CLSM and the nuclei were stained with Hoechst 33342 (blue), the lysosomes were labeled with LysoTracker[®] Green DND26 (green) and the nanoparticles were labeled with Cy5 (red). The scale bar is 50 μ m.

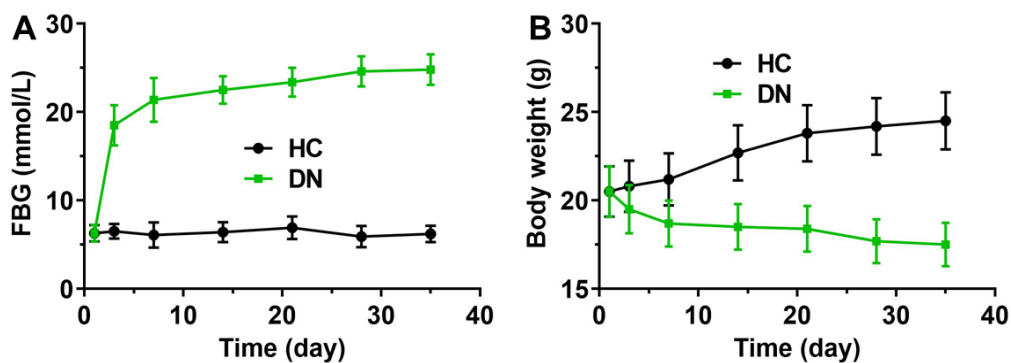


Figure S7. FBG (A) and body weight (B) changes of healthy control mice and diabetic nephropathy mice in five weeks after STZ-injected.

Table S2. Pharmacokinetic parameters of RH-sol and KLPPR (intravenously, dose equivalent to RH 5 mg/kg, 4 mice in each group). Data were presented as mean \pm SD.

Parameters	Unit	RH-sol	KLPPR
$T_{1/2}$	h	0.42 ± 0.17	1.44 ± 0.28
CL	$(\mu\text{g})/(\mu\text{g}/\text{mL})/\text{h}$	5.09 ± 1.48	1.60 ± 0.33
AUC_{0-t}	$\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}\cdot\text{h}$	19.64 ± 3.55	62.26 ± 7.29
MRT	h	0.65 ± 0.13	2.18 ± 0.45

$T_{1/2}$, CL, AUC_{0-t} and MRT refer to elimination half-time, clearance, area under curve and mean retention time respectively.

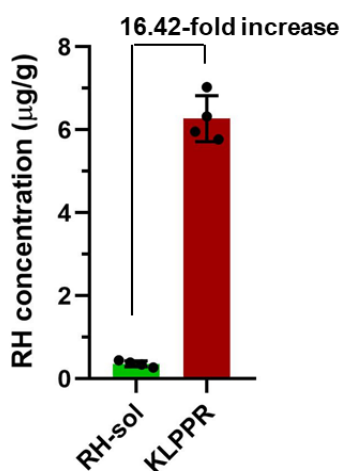


Figure S8. The concentration of Rhein in kidney at 12 h post-injection in diabetic

nephropathy mice. The DN mice were intravenously injected with RH-sol and KLPPR (dose equivalent to RH 5 mg/kg, 4 mice in each group).