Self-assembly of porphyrin-grafted lipid into nanoparticles encapsulating doxorubicin for synergistic chemo-photodynamic therapy and fluorescence imaging

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Supporting Information

Supplementary Table S1: Physiochemical Properties of Different Formulations of PGL-DOX NPs

Lipid composition DSPC:Chol:PGL:DSPE-PEG 2000	Effective Diameter (nm) ± SD	PDI	EE (%)	DL (%)
50:30:10:10	113.27±3.5	0.168	>82	7.4±0.9
50:35:10:5	108.45±3.28	1.94	>85	9.9±0.1
52:33:10:5	82.13±6.71	0.151	>99	10±0.3

PGL: porphyrin-grafted lipid; PDI: polydispersity index; EE: encapsulation efficiency



Supplementary Figure S1: Image representing the encapsulation of DOX into PGL NPs.



Supplementary Figure S2: Colloidal stability test for PGL-DOX NPs in water.



Supplementary Figure S3: Temperature elevation monitoring during PDT process; *in vitro* temperature-time curves of PBS, PGL-NPs and PGL-DOX NPs solution upon irradiation of 650nm laser.



Supplementary Figure S4: (A) absorption spectra of DOX in the presence of singlet oxygen (B) relative absorbance of DOX in the presence of singlet oxygen. Data are presented as mean \pm SD (n=3).



Supplementary Figure S5: The combination index (CI)-plot of HeLa cells treated with PGL-DOX NPs mediated chemophotodynamic therapy. CI was calculated with Compusyn software.



Supplementary Figure S6: Flow cytometry analysis of tumor cells apoptosis induced by PGL NPs with and without laser irradiation based on Annexin V-FITC/PI staining.



Supplementary Figure S7: Plasma clearance of PGL NPs measured by fluorescence intensity of PGL in the blood (n = 3). Fluorescence intensities F_0 and F_t of the porphyrin molecules at the initial and the given time, respectively.



Supplementary Figure S8: Representative photographs of tumor bearing mice after different treatments.