Supplementary Information

Charge and Hydrophobicity Effects of NIR Fluorophores on Bone-Specific Imaging

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Figure S1. LC-MS analysis and purity of the PAM-NIR fluorophore conjugates.

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Figure S1. LC-MS analysis and purity of the PAM-NIR fluorophore conjugates: ELSD, fluorescence ($\lambda_{ex} = 768 \text{ nm}$, $\lambda_{em} = 790 \text{ nm}$), absorbance (PDA) at 770 nm and 210 nm, total ion chromatogram (TIC), and ESI-TOF mass spectra.



Figure S2. Optical properties of NIR fluorophores having systematically varying net charges. All optical measurements were performed at 37°C in 100% fetal bovine serum (FBS), buffered with 50 mM HEPES, pH 7.4. NIR excitation was provided by a 770 nm NIR laser diode light source.



Figure S3. *In vivo* biodistribution and bone specific imaging using unconjugated NIR fluorophores in mice. 10 nmol of each NIR fluorophore was injected intravenously into 25 g nude mice 4 h prior to imaging. Arrowheads indicate cartilage tissues. Li = liver, SG = salivary glands, and Bl = bladder. Scale bars = 1 cm. All NIR fluorescence images were collected with the same exposure time and are displayed with identical normalization.