

Supplementary Material

Iron oxide nanoflowers @ CuS hybrids for cancer tri-therapy: interplay of photothermal therapy, magnetic hyperthermia and photodynamic therapy

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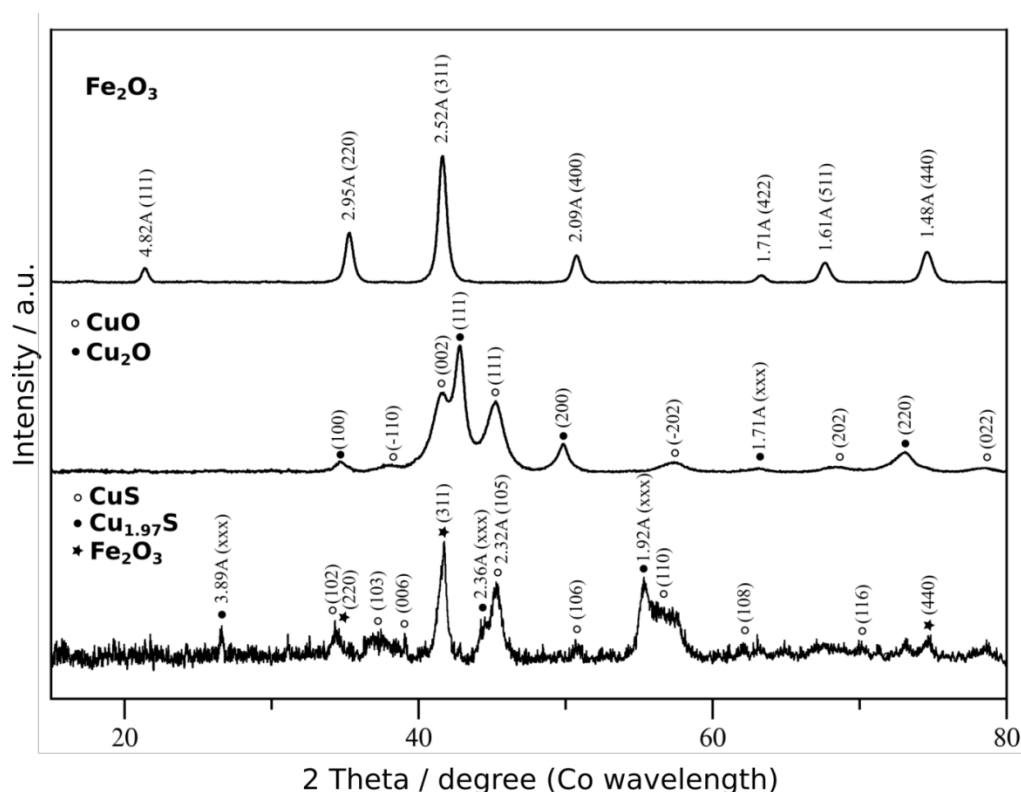


Figure S1. X-ray diffraction diagrams of the spiky IONF@CuS using a $\text{Co } K\alpha$ radiation showing the presence of maghemite Fe_2O_3 (PDF2 card no. 00-039-1346), tenorite CuO (PDF2 card no. 00-041-0254), cuprite Cu_2O (PDF2 card no. 01-071-4310), covellite CuS (PDF2 card no. 00-006-0464), and Cu_{2-x}S (consistent with PDF2 card of djurleite no. 01-071-1383).

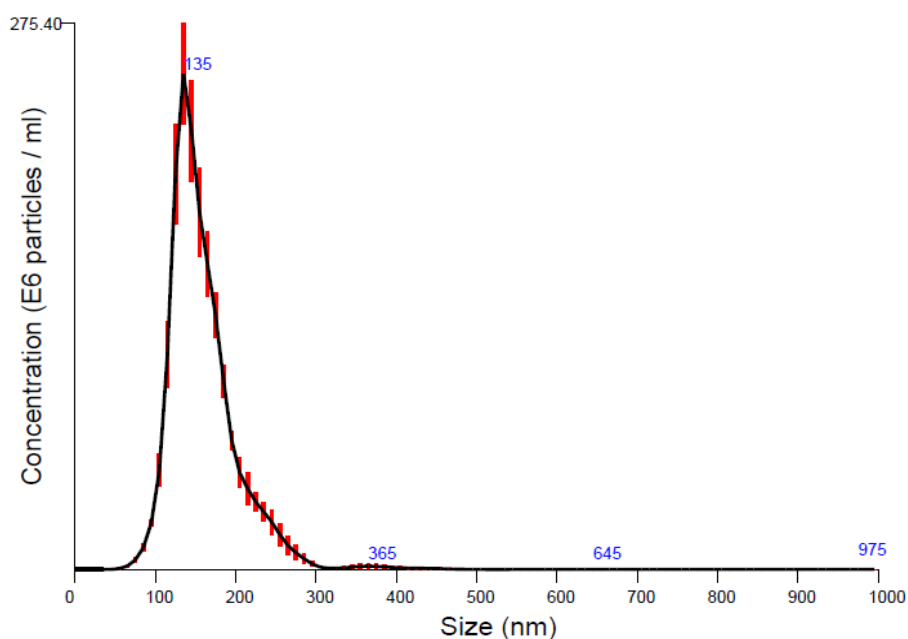


Figure S2. Nanoparticle Tracking Analysis (NTA) of spiky IONF@CuS in water having the main diameter peak at 135 nm and with a mean diameter of 154.6 nm.

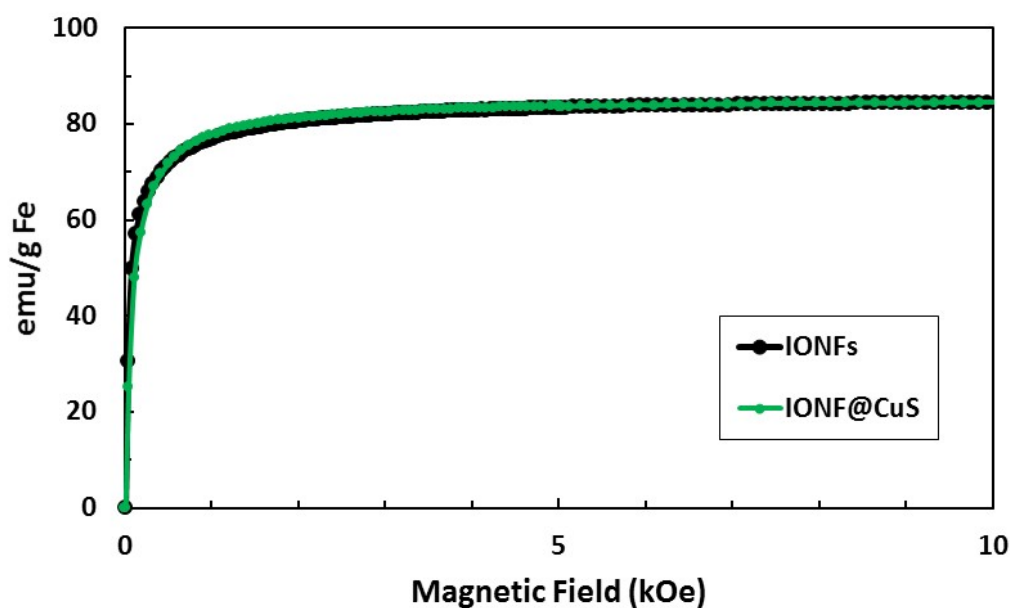


Figure S3. Magnetic properties of the magnetic iron oxide nanoflowers (IONFs) core alone, and after coating with the CuS shell. The shell does not impact neither the saturation magnetization (84 emu g^{-1} of Fe) nor the initial magnetic susceptibility.

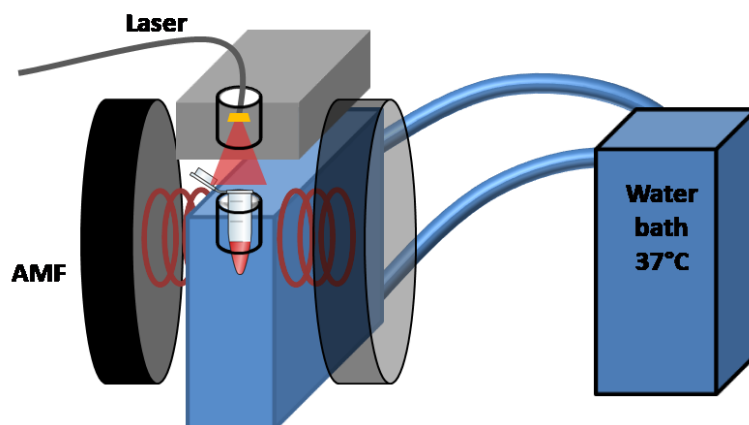


Figure S5: Sketch drawing of the thermostated support used to apply simultaneously AMF and Laser.

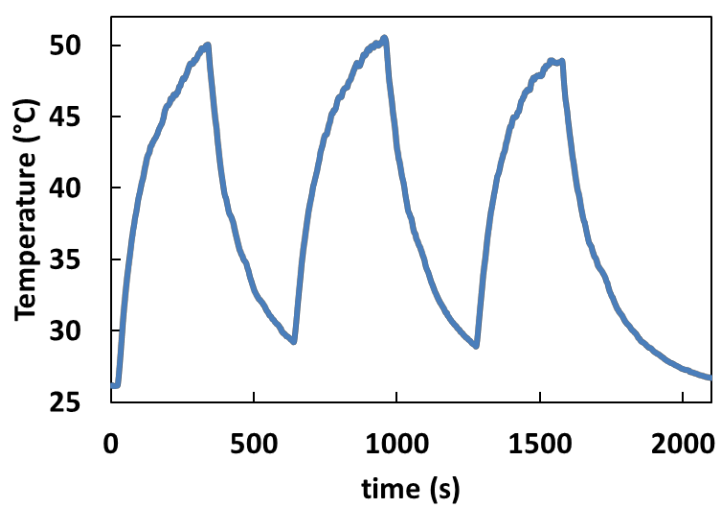


Figure S5. Multiples heating cycles of the IONF@CuS water dispersion at the concentration of 80 mM Cu illuminated by 1064 nm laser at 0.3 W cm^{-2} for 5 min on and 5 min off, showing the nanoparticles stability during PTT.

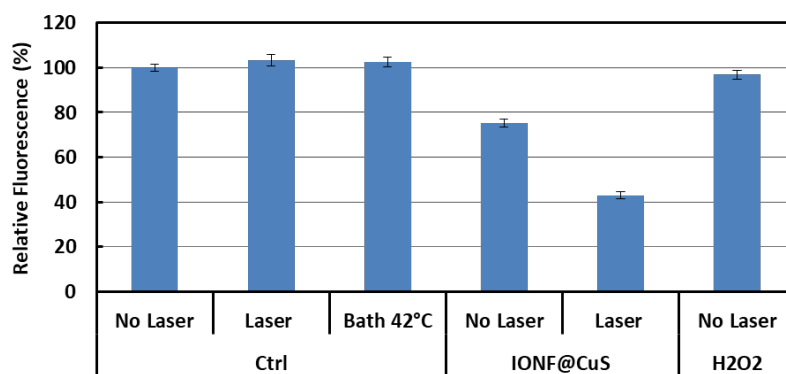


Figure S6: Selective detection of the superoxide radical ($\cdot\text{O}_2^-$) in presence of IONF@CuS nano hybrids ($[\text{Cu}] = 130 \mu\text{M}$) and an applied 1064 nm laser (5 min exposure at 1 W cm^{-2}) using the specific probe 1,3-diphenylisobenzofuran (DPBF, $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 410 \text{ nm}$; $\lambda_{\text{em}} = 477 \text{ nm}$). H_2O_2 at the concentration of 1.8 mM have been used to prove the specificity of the analysis toward the superoxide.

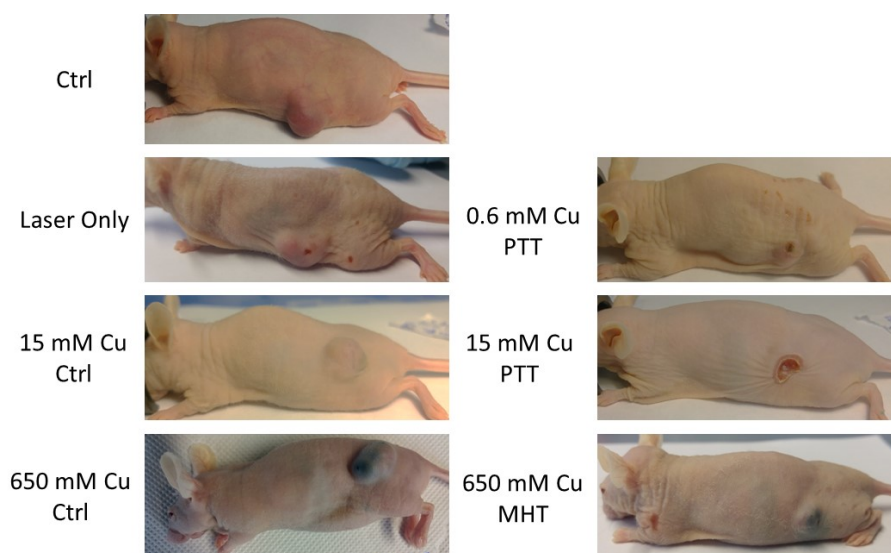


Figure S7: Representative photographs of tumor-bearing mice 13 days after treatment.